

Phaseolus

Vigna Sinensis

Vulgaris

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Abstract:

This study is concerned with the preparation of cold and boiled aqueous extracts from the fruits of both *Phaseolus Vulgaris* and *Vigna Sinensis* plants. Then isolating and studying the active proteinous compounds from these extracts using different biochemical techniques. Precipitation of the proteinous part from each extract was accomplished by cold acetone precipitation method.

Two compounds (A) and (B) had been isolated from gel filtration chromatography of cold and boiled acetone precipitate of these fruits of both plants.

The comparative molecular weights of the isolated compounds were estimated using gel filtration and found to be ranged from 1887 to 33884 daltons for all the *Phaseolus Vulgaris* and *Vigna Sinensis*.

The work also included studying the effect of intraperitoneal administration of these compounds (A) and (B) on certain blood biochemical parameters (glucose, cholesterol and total lipids) using a dose of 77 mg/Kg of body weight in normal and alloxan. induced diabetic mice. The results had been compared with those injected with insulin.

The proteinous compounds (A) which had been separated from (cold and boiled) of each *Phaseolus Vulgaris* and *Vigna Sinensis* led to a decrease in the level of glucose diabetic mice and also all compounds (B) for both plants. Compound (A) from cold extract of *Vigna Sinensis* fruit is more reduced for the glucose level (67.1%) from the other compounds and it reached to a normal level in the alloxan –induced diabetic mice when compared with normal control group.

However, proteinous compounds (A) (cold and boiled) which have been separated from each *Phaseolus Vulgaris* and *Vigna Sinensis* fruits and also the compound B (cold and boiled of *Vigna Sinensis* fruit) have been showed a significant decrease in the biochemical parameter (cholesterol and total lipids in the blood serum of diabetic mice). These compounds have revealed an effect similar to that of insulin, but the compound A (which was separated from cold aqueous extract of *Vigna Sinensis* fruit) gave a reduction effect for the total lipids level (46.83%) more than of that for insulin and the other proteinous compounds mentioned.

In conclusion, the high molecular weight compounds might be used for the treatment of diabetes mellitus instead of insulin, furthermore it could be used it in the treatment of atherosclerosis after make sure there is no side effects.

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B,A

1887

33884

()

77

/

() (A)

(A)

(B)

(%67.1)

(A)

()

(B)

()

(A)

(%46.83)

:

.(1)

.(3,2)

.(4)

(5)

(1200)

(6)

(7)

)

(

:

:

(9 8)

()

:

(35-25)

.(° 25)

:

:

500

(3 : 1)

10 (Blender)



(23) .33520xg 15
 (1600)
 .(10)

(3:1) (Blender) 400
 (10)

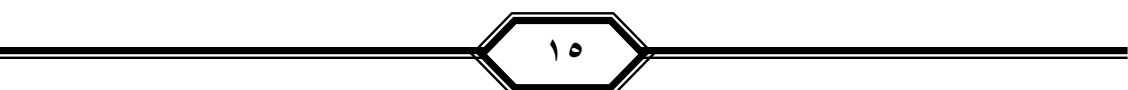
15 33520xg
 (Lyophilization)

(Cold acetone)
 / (40/60)
 24 (11) ° 4

20 33520xg
 (Lyophilizer)

(120 × 1.8)
 (Sephadex G-50) 50

.(12) (315)



(2)

(2)

(10) (/ 42)

(Fraction collector)

(280)

()

()

Lyophilizer

:

.(11,13)

(120 × 1.8)

Sephadex G-50

)

(

(2)

(2)

(10) (/ 42)

.

:

(20)

) / 77 (3)

(1) (Control)

(14) (Normal Saline)

16 / (10)

.(15)

(16)

(orbital sinus punecture)

.(17) Atta

(Kit)

:

_____ -

(Syrbio, France) (Kit)

Trinder. (18)

:

_____ -

(19)

- phosphovaniline reagent

(540)

:

(Male Albino Mice)

(10) (35-25)

.(20) (/ 180) (3)

(/ 180)

Tes- Tape ® , Eli-
180)

lilly &Co, USA,
(100/

(21) (16)

(/ 77)

(Normal saline)

:

(35-25)

:

(16)

(3)

(1)

-

.(control)

/ (100 77 50)

(4-2)

-

B

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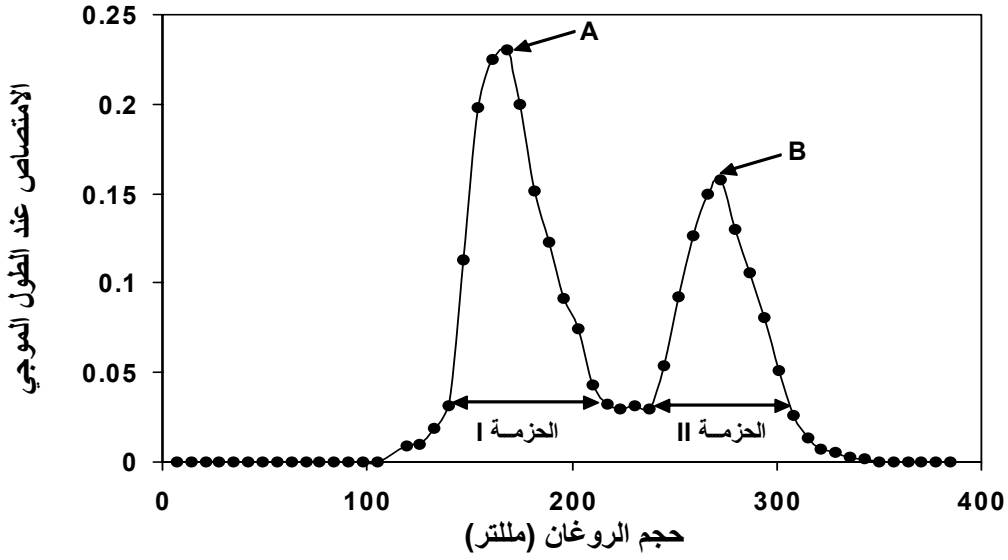
One way analysis of variance

(22) Duncan

.(P< 0.05)%5

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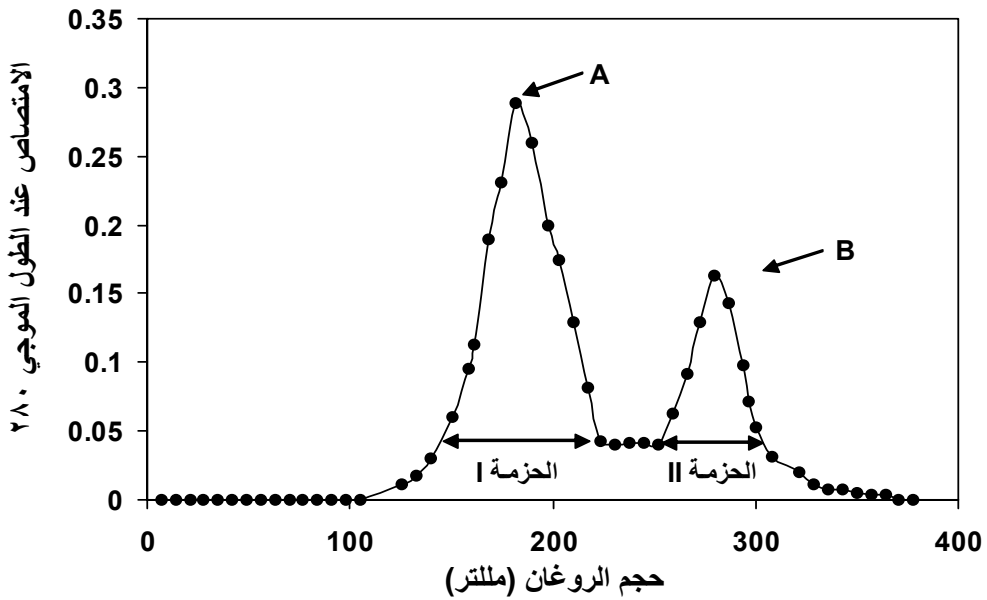
.(4-1)



(1):

(1.8 × 120)

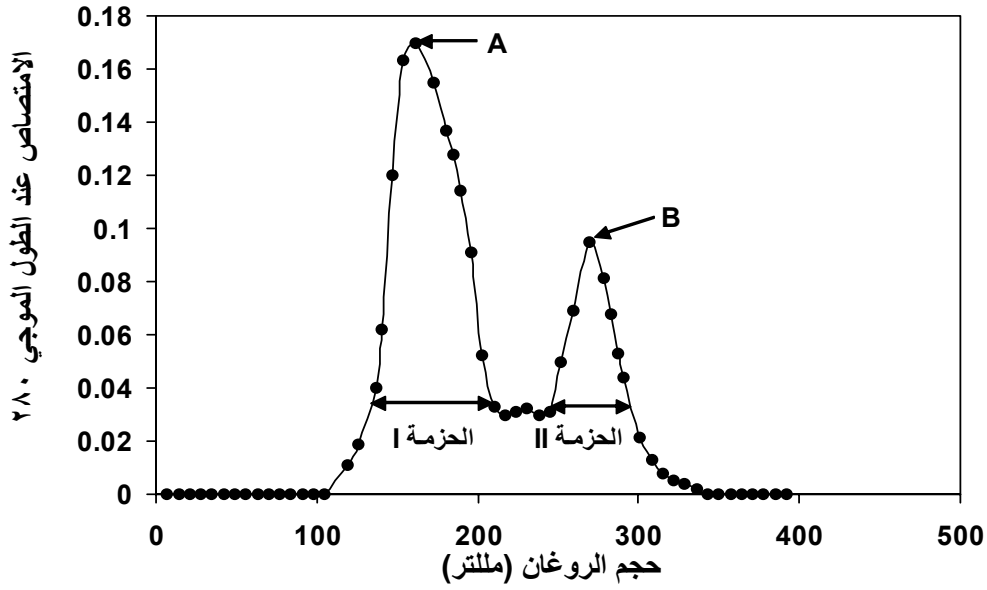
:	B	A	Sephadex G-50	
			(273)	(168)
			(/ 42)	(7)



(2):

(1.8 × 120)

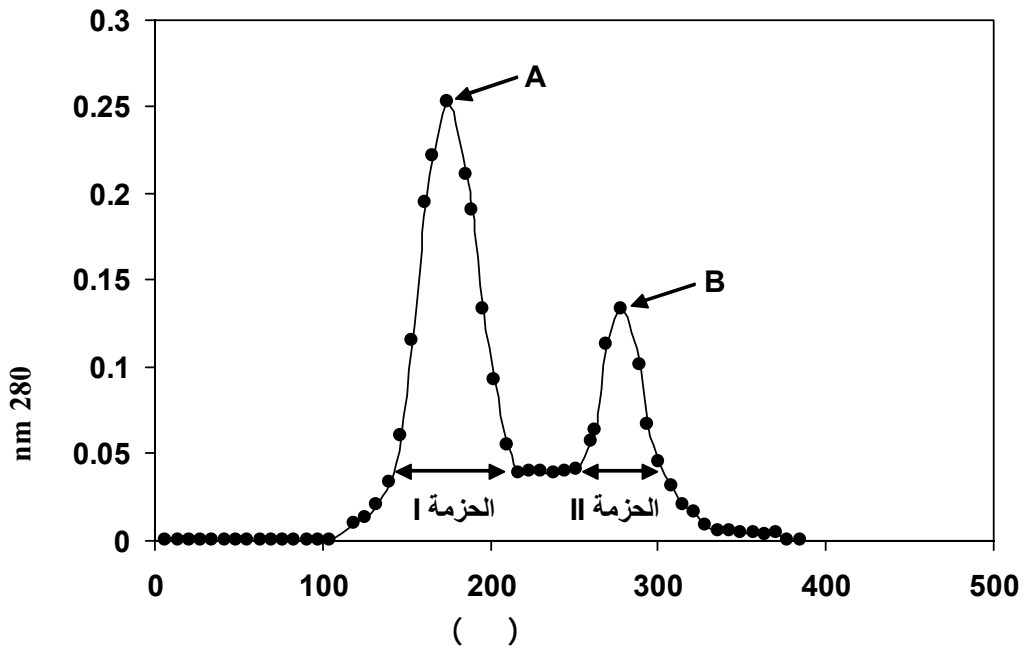
:	B	A	Sephadex G-50	
			(280)	(182)
			(/ 42)	(7)



:(3)

(1.8 × 120)

B	A	Sephadex	G-50		
			(270)	(161)	:
			(42)	(7)	



:(4)

(1.8 × 120)

B	A	Sephadex	G-50		
			(278)	(175)	:
			(42)	(7)	

()

(1)

: (1)

(%)	(%)	()	()	(/)	
72.6	100	13.98	2	6.99	
	38.9	5.44	85	0.064	A
	33.7	4.72	80	0.059	B
88.3	100	10.54	2	5.27	
	47.8	5.04	90	0.056	A
	40.5	4.27	70	0.061	B
86.3	100	11.06	2	5.53	
	46.33	5.12	84	0.061	A
	39.96	4.42	65	0.068	B
88.5	100	10.44	2	5.22	
	48.28	5.04	80	0.063	A
	40.23	4.2	70	0.060	B

:

(120 1.8×)

(2000,000–204)

.(2)

(120 ×1.8)

:(2)

(Sephadex G-50)

()	()	
110	2000000	Blue dextran
129	67000	Bovine serum albumin (B SA)
133	58000	-amylase -
140	45000	Eggs albumin
168	36000	Pepsin
206	23000	Trypsin
235	5750	Insulin Hormone
304	1051	Oxytocin Hormone
364	204	Tryptophan

(Elution volume)

.(3)

:(3)

28840	168	A
2238	273	B
20844	182	A

& ..

1887	280	B
33884	161	A
2454	270	B
24547	175	A
1949	278	B

:
(4)

B

/ (77)

B : (4)

/ B				
100	77	50		
0.21 ± 4.82	0.16 ± 3.06	0.4 ± 4.35	0.51 ± 5.43	/
-11.2	-43.6	-19.88	-	%

±

:

*

/ (10)

		(5)		
(23)	(20)		(23)	(24)
				(25)
	pyruvate kinase			phosphofructo kinase
fructose-1,6-	-6 1-	(37)	-6-	diphosphatase
		(26)		()
				*
		(10)		
			(27)	
			(6.64)	
				(29 28)
(29) (24)				
Intestinal acyl-CoA				
(30)				cholesterol acyl transferase
(31)	ApoE mRNA			
Intestinal				
Bile acid output				flora
			(32)	
				*
	/	(10)		

(34) (33)

Lipolytic hormones

(34)

.(35)

:

*

A

/ (77)

B

.(6) (5)

A

.(20)

A

*

(6) (5)

B A

/ (77)

HMG-CoA reductase
(33) HMG-CoA

Insulin like action

.(36)

*

A

B

/ (77)

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A

B

(6)

B A

Lipolytic hormones

.(37) Lipogenesis

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