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ABSTRACT

In this research a new algorithem has been applied to calculate the phonon images for orthohombic crystals, this method depend on the calculation of the phonon imaging from the phase velocity and slowness surface only without the detail calculation the group velocity, this has been done by determining the directions of the group velocity from the slowness surface. The Monte Carlo method has been used to generate the wave vectors in reduced Brilluon zone, then transformed these vectors to slowness surface space and the unit vectors of group velocity are determind. A comparision between the new and classical algorithem results has been done for the calculation of the phonon images for orthohombic crystals, the results shows a good agreement between the new and the classical algorithem.

Keyword: Calculation of Phonon Imaging, Monte Carlo, Phonon Focusing.

(Marder, 2000)

.(Tanaka et al., 1998; Imamura et al., 2002b; Taylor et al., 1971, 1969)

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(Northrop and Wolfe, 1980)

.(Holt, 2000; Von Gutfeld and Nethercot, 1961; Hurly and Wolfe, 1985)

(Northrop and Wolfe, 1980; Every, 1980, 1988; Wintermheimer and McCurdy, 1978)

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(Wolfe, 1998; Imamura et al., 2002a; Aono and Tamura, 1998)

.(Every, 1980; Northrop and Wolfe, 1980)

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.(Wolfe and Hauser, 1995)

(Wolfe, 1998; 1995)

(Von Gutfeld and Nethercot, 1961; Taylor et al., 1971)

(Every, 1980; 1988)

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().(khaleel and Hussien, 2010)

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(BaSO₄) Barium Sulphate

$\vec{k}(k_x,k_y,k_z)$

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.(Every, 1981; Kim, 1993; Wolfe, 1998; Lau and McCurdy, 1998) $|\Gamma_{ik} - \rho v^2 \delta_{ik}| = 0 \qquad (1)$ $\Gamma_{ik} \qquad \Gamma_{ik} \qquad (2)$

.

 C_{44} C_{33} C_{23} C_{22} C_{13} C_{12} C_{11}

.(Philip and Viswanathan, 1978 ; Auld, 1973) C_{66} C_{55}

:

$$C_{ij} = \begin{pmatrix} C_{11} & C_{12} & C_{13} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ C_{12} & C_{22} & C_{23} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ C_{13} & C_{23} & C_{33} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & C_{44} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & C_{55} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & C_{66} \end{pmatrix}$$
(4)

$$\Gamma_{11} = C_{11}n_1^2 + C_{66}n_2^2 + C_{55}n_3^2$$

$$\Gamma_{22} = C_{66}n_1^2 + C_{22}n_2^2 + C_{44}n_3^2$$
(5a)
(5b)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Gamma_{33} &= C_{55} n_1^2 + C_{44} n_2^2 + C_{33} n_3^2 & (5c) \\
 \Gamma_{12} &= \Gamma_{21} = (C_{12} + C_{66}) n_1 n_2 & (5d) \\
 \Gamma_{13} &= \Gamma_{31} = (C_{13} + C_{55}) n_1 n_3 & (5e) \\
 \Gamma_{23} &= \Gamma_{32} = (C_{23} + C_{44}) n_2 n_3 & (5f) \\
 \rho v^2 & (1)
 \end{aligned}$$

(1)

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.(Northrop and Wolfe, 1980; Wolfe, 1998)

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$$\Omega(\omega,k) = -(\rho v^2)^3 + (\rho v^2)^2 [\Gamma_{11} + \Gamma_{22} + \Gamma_{33}] - \rho v^2 [\Gamma_{11}\Gamma_{22} + \Gamma_{22}\Gamma_{33} + \Gamma_{11}\Gamma_{33} - \Gamma_{12}^2 - \Gamma_{23}^2 - \Gamma_{13}^2] + [\Gamma_{11}\Gamma_{22}\Gamma_{33} + 2\Gamma_{12}\Gamma_{23}\Gamma_{13} - \Gamma_{12}^2\Gamma_{33} - \Gamma_{23}^2\Gamma_{11} - \Gamma_{13}^2\Gamma_{22}]$$

$$(6)$$

$$v_{gj} = \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial k_j} = -\frac{\nabla_{k_j} \Omega}{\frac{\partial \Omega}{\partial \omega}}$$
(7)
(1)

 $\{\vec{v}_p\}$

•

(7) (6)

 $\{\vec{v}_g\}$

 $\{\vec{k}\}$

 $\{\vec{v}_g\}$

(Calleja, $\{\vec{v}_p\}$

$$\vec{S}(k_x, k_y, k_z) = \frac{1}{\vec{v}_p(k_x, k_y, k_z)}$$
(8)

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$$(k_x, k_y, k_z)$$

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$$\frac{1}{8} \{\vec{k}_{2}\} \{\vec{k}_{1}\} \{\vec{k}_{1}\} \{\vec{k}_{2}\} \{\vec{k}_{1}\} \{\vec{k}_{1}\} \{\vec{k}_{2}\} \{\vec{k}_{1}\} \{\vec{k}\} \{\vec{k}_{2}\} \{\vec{k}_{1}\} \{\vec{k}\} \{\vec{k}_{2}\} \{\vec{k}_{1}\} \{\vec{k}_{2}\} \{\vec{k}\} \{\vec{k}\} \{\vec{k}\} \{\vec{k}\} \{\vec{k}\} \{\vec{k}\} \{\vec{k}\} \{\vec{$$

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 $R_y R_x$

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$$R_{x}(\alpha) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos(\alpha) & \sin(\alpha) \\ 0 & -\sin(\alpha) & \cos(\alpha) \end{pmatrix}; R_{y}(\beta) = \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\beta) & 0 & -\sin(\beta) \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \sin(\beta) & 0 & \cos(\beta) \end{pmatrix}$$
(11)

.....

$$k_{y} \quad k_{x} \qquad A_{v}(\alpha,\beta) \qquad \vec{k}_{2j} \quad \vec{k}_{1j}$$

:
$$A_{v}^{-1}(\alpha,\beta) \qquad \delta\varphi$$

$$\vec{k}_{1j} = \vec{k}_j \left(A_v(\alpha, \beta) R_x(\delta \varphi) A_v^{-1}(\alpha, \beta) \right)$$
(12)
$$\vec{k}_{2j} = \vec{k}_j \left(A_v(\alpha, \beta) R_y(\delta \varphi) A_v^{-1}(\alpha, \beta) \right)$$
(13)

$$\{\vec{k}_2\}\ \{\vec{k}_1\}\ \{\vec{k}\}$$

$$\vec{r}_{1} = \vec{S}_{1}(\vec{k}_{1}) - \vec{S}_{0}(\vec{k})$$
(14)
$$\vec{r}_{2} = \vec{S}_{2}(\vec{k}_{2}) - \vec{S}_{0}(\vec{k})$$
(15)
$$\hat{v}_{g} = \vec{r}_{1} \times \vec{r}_{2}$$
(16)

 $\vec{r}_2 \quad \vec{r}_1 \qquad \vec{k}_2 \quad \vec{k}_1 \quad \vec{k}$

.

 $\vec{S}_2 \ \vec{S}_1 \ \vec{S}_0$

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.

 $\{\vec{k}\}$

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a, b, c

α, β, γ

.

$$\alpha = \beta = \gamma = 90^{\circ} \quad |a| \neq |b| \neq |c|$$
)
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
.(2)



(1)



الشكل 2: منطقة برليون الكاملة والمختزلة لبلورة المعين القائم.

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		:1
X	Y	Z
-X	Y	Z
X	-Y	Z
X	Y	-Z
-X	-Y	Z
-X	Y	-Z
X	-Y	-Z
-X	-Y	-Z

<100>

•

			<	<001>		<010>
	<001>		<010>		<1	<00>
					•	
.(TA1,TA2)						
Matlab						
		1 8				
						•
			256x25	56		
ΤΔ2 ΤΔ1	Barium Sulphate			(4)	(3)	
172,171	Bartum Sulphace			(4)	(3)	
						(
						\

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TA1 TA2	b a(3) .	
d c (3)		<010>
TA1 TA2	b a(4)	
d c (4)		<100>

ГА2	<101>	b	a(5)	

.<100> <010>	TA1 TA2

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(Barium Sulphate)	:3
: TA1,TA2	

: (b) TA2 <010> :(a) TA1 <010> : (d) TA2 <010> :(c) TA1 <010>

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(Darium Suipnate)		.4		
		: T	A1,TA2	
: (b)	TA2	<100>		: (a)
			TA1	<100>
: (d)	TA2	<100>		: (c)
			TA1	<100>



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