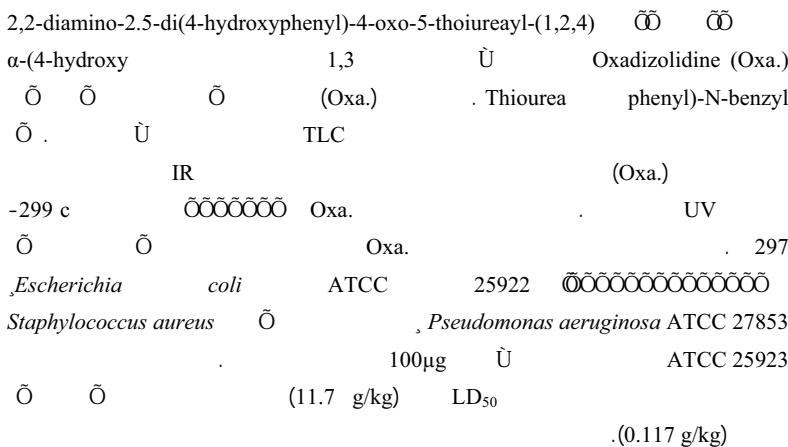


تحضير و تشخيص مركب 2,2-diamino-2,5-di(4-hydroxyphenyl)-4-oxo-5-thioryl-(1,2,4)Oxadizolidine(Oxa.) ذو الفعالية البيولوجية

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**Synthesis and characterization of the compound
2,2-diamino-2,5-di(4-hydroxyphenyl)-4-oxo-5-thioryl-(1,2,4) Oxadizolidine (Oxa.)
that had a biological activity**

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Israa A. H. Al- Hawani

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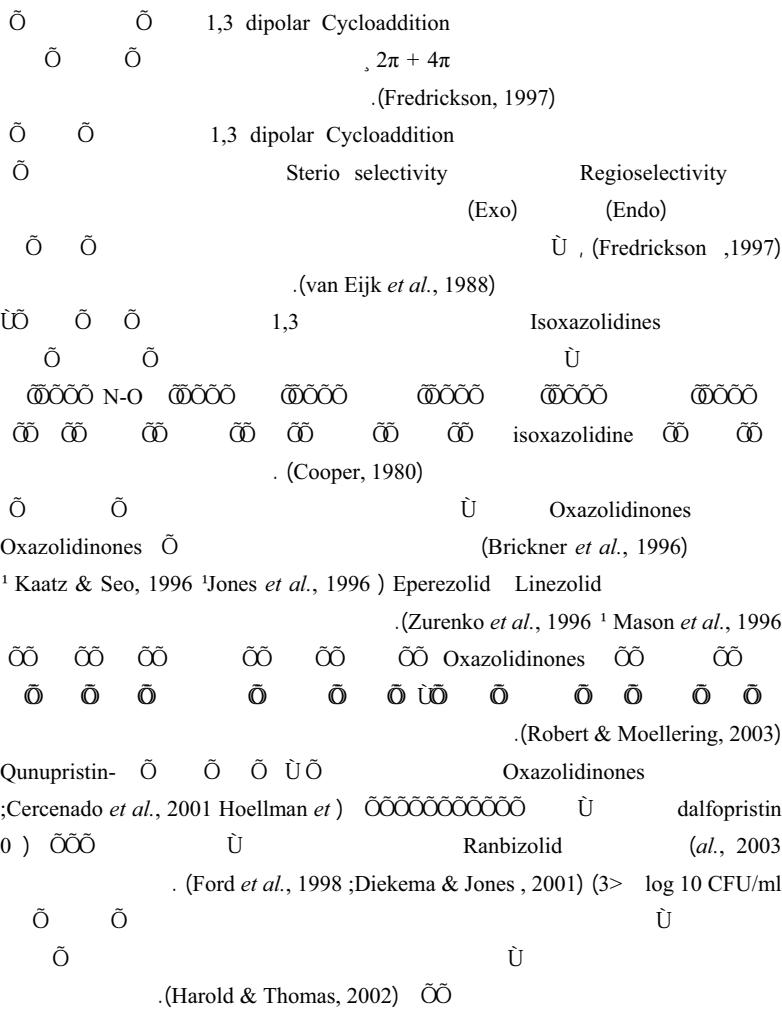
Abstract

The compound 2,2-diamino-2.5-di(4-hydroxyphenyl)-4-oxo-5-thioureayl-(1,2,4) oxadizolidene (Oxa.) was prepared by 1,3 dipolar cycloaddition reaction between α -(4-hydroxy phenyl)-N-benzyl and thiourea alken.

The compound Oxa. was purified by column chromatography techniques. It's purity tested by using thin layer chromatography technique and showed single spot. The compound Oxa. was characterized by using spectroscopic techniques like IR , UV . Ms spectrum

The incorrect melting point for Oxa. was 295-297 °C. The spectrum of biological activity of Oxa. Was broad , it was effective against reference strains of gram negative *Escherichia coli* ATCC 25922 *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* ATCC 27853 and gram

positive *Staphylococcus aureus* ATCC 25923 by used 100 µg disk of Oxa. . The median lethal dose LD₅₀ was (11.7 g/kg) this made it within the class of slightly toxic substances , it Could be use in treatment by a dose 0.117 g/kg .



∅

2,2-diamino-2,5-di(4-hydroxyphenyl)-4-oxo-5-thioureyl-(1,2,4) (Oxa.)
: Oxadizolidine (Oxa.)

∅∅ ∅∅ ∅∅ ∅∅ ∅∅ ∅∅ Oxa. ∅∅ ∅∅
1,3-dipolar (Oxa.)
0.2) (Hamer & Macaluso, 1964) (Oxa.) cycloaddition

∅ ∅ 2,2-diamino-4-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-(1,3,5)Oxathiazoline ∅ (U ∅ 0.01
∅ ∅ (U 100 (2001) (Oxa.)
(α-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-N-benzyl) Nitron ∅ (U 0.01 , 2.27) ∅
∅ ∅ (U (2001) (Oxa.)
. 3 30 °C ∅ Reflex

. U U .

Oxa.

∅ ∅ ∅ ∅ ∅ ∅ ∅ ∅ ∅
. (Al-Timari, 1991) (400-230) (Oxa.)
Thin Layer Chromatography (TLC)
∅ ∅ ∅ ∅ ∅ ∅ ∅ ∅
∅∅∅∅ ∅∅∅∅ ∅∅∅∅ ∅∅∅∅ (3:7) ∅∅∅∅ (CHCl₃:CH₃OH)
. (Huber & Vasella, 1989 ¹ Fried & Sherma, 1986)

Oxa.

Noto U -

:

Infrared Spectroscopy (IR)

∅ ∅ ∅ KBr U
. (Shimadzu FT IR-8300)

Ultraviolet Spectroscopy (UV)

∅∅ U

. (Pye, Unicam SP 8-100S Ultraviolet visible spectrophotometer , UK)

Mass spectrum (MS)

- Varian star 3400 CX – Sturn 2000 U

... $\text{O}=\text{O}-\text{O}-\text{O}$

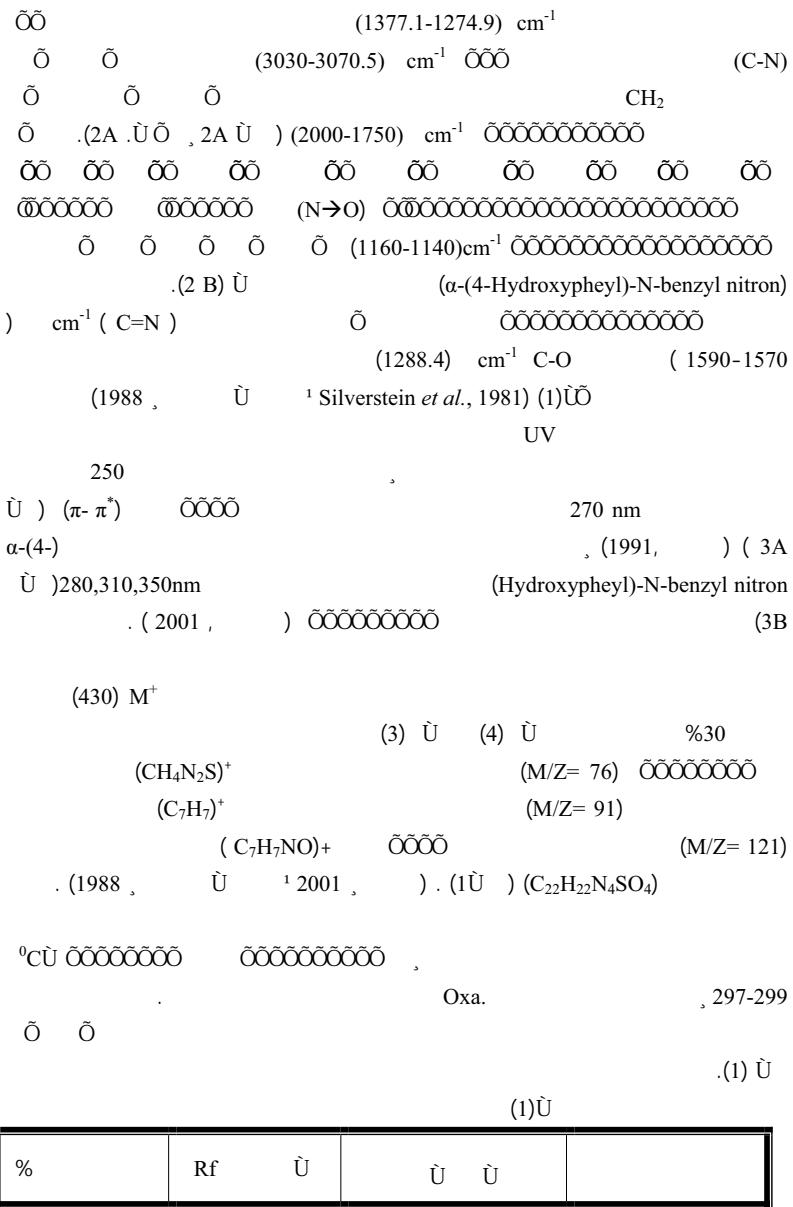
Melting point (MP)
 $\text{O} \quad \text{O} \quad \text{O} \quad \text{O} \quad \text{O} \quad (\text{O} \quad \text{O}) \quad \text{O} \quad \text{O}$
(Gallenkamp thermal apparatus, UK)
Oxa.
(0.1-500 $\mu\text{g/ml}$) $\text{O}=\text{O} \quad \text{O}=\text{O}$ $\text{O}=\text{O} \quad \text{O}=\text{O} \quad \text{O}=\text{O}$ $\text{O}=\text{O} \quad \text{O}=\text{O} \quad \text{O}=\text{O}$
 $\text{O} \quad \text{O} \quad \text{O}$ (Collee *et al.*, 1996) $\text{O}=\text{O}-\text{O}-\text{O}-\text{O}-\text{O}-\text{O}-\text{O}-\text{O}$
Escherichia coli ATCC 25922 (WHO, 1987)
Staphylococcus aureus ATCC 25923, *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* ATCC 27853

$\text{O} \quad \text{O}$
2 2 4 U () Balb/c mice
 $\text{O} \quad \text{O} \quad \text{O}$
(Klassen & Doull, 1980) $\text{O}=\text{O}-\text{O}-\text{O}-\text{O}-\text{O}-\text{O}-\text{O}-\text{O}$
 $\text{O} \quad \text{O}$ (75-70) (28-19gm) $\text{O}=\text{O}-\text{O}-\text{O}-\text{O}-\text{O}-\text{O}$
 O (8 ,10 ,12 ,14 ,16 gm/kg) Stomach tube
 $\text{O} \quad \text{O}$ 72
 $\text{O} \quad \text{U} \quad \text{O}$ 30 °C U

2,2-diamino-2,5-di(4-hydroxyphenyl)-4-oxo-5-thioureayl-(1,2,4)
Oxadizolidine (Oxa.)

$\text{O} \quad \text{O} \quad \text{O} \quad \text{Oxa.} \quad \text{O}$ U
. (2001 ,) $\text{O}=\text{O}$. 80% $\text{O} \quad \text{O}=\text{O}-\text{O}-\text{O}-\text{O}$
Oxa.
TLC O
CHCl₃:CH₃OH U U
(1 U) 0.7 Retardation Factor (Rf) U
 $\text{O}=\text{O}$ U
(Fried & Sherma , 1986; Fieser & Williamson , 1983)
Oxa.

IR
 $\text{O}=\text{O} \quad \text{O}=\text{O} \quad \text{O}=\text{O} \quad \text{O}=\text{O} \quad \text{O}=\text{O} \quad \text{O}=\text{O} \quad \text{O}=\text{O} \quad \text{O}=\text{O}$
NH₂ (3450-3350)cm⁻¹
 $\text{O} \quad \text{O}$ OH (3500) cm⁻¹



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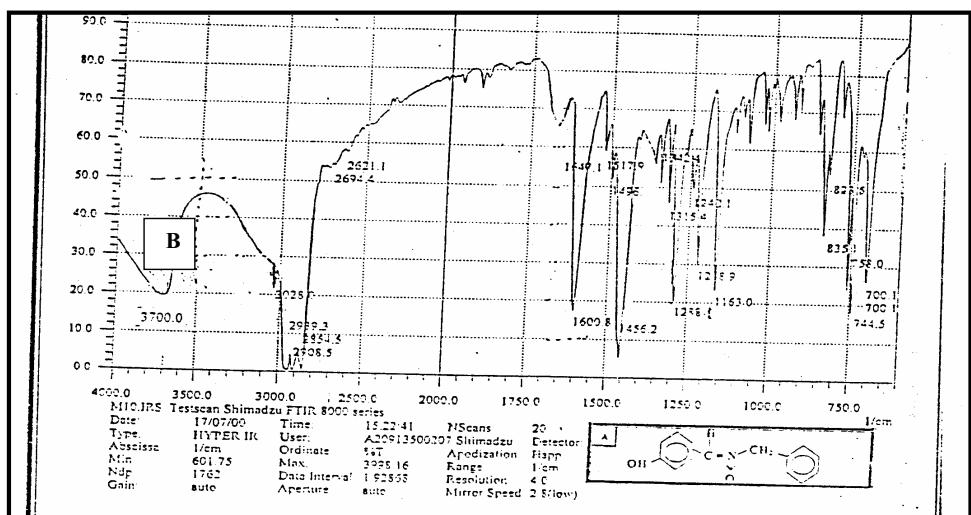
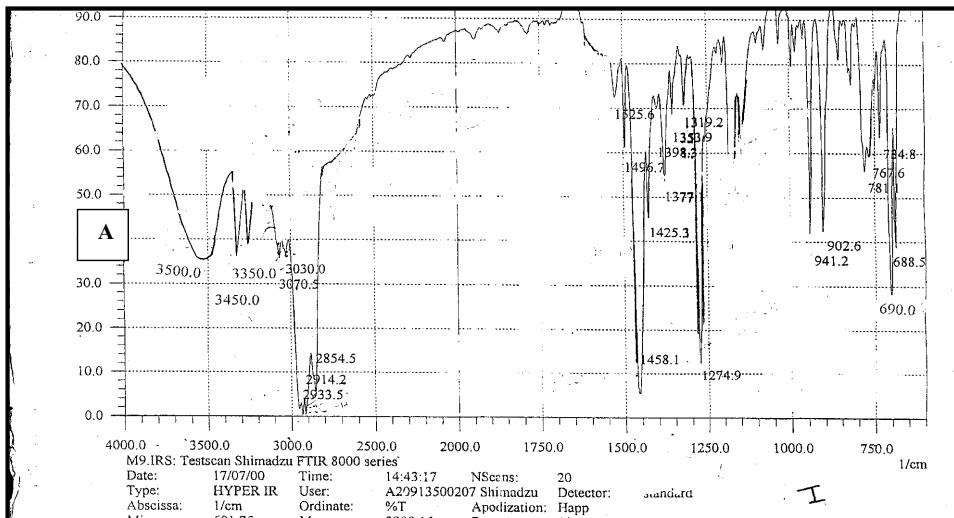
| | | | |
|----|-----|---|---|
| 80 | 0.7 | $\text{CHCl}_3:\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$ 3:7 | $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{22}\text{N}_4\text{SO}_4$ |
| | | | |

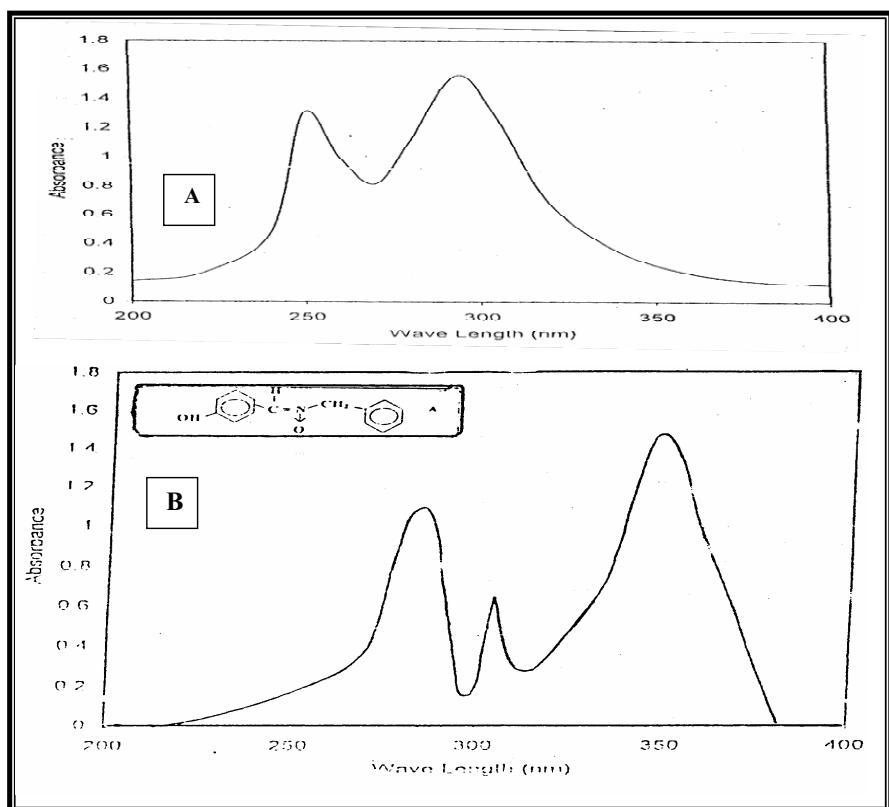
شكل (1) التركيب الفراغي لمركب Oxa.

| | Oxa. | IR (cm ⁻¹) | (2 A) $\bar{\nu}$ (cm ⁻¹) |
|-----------------|------|---------------------------|--|
| OH | | 3500.0(S) | 1398.0 |
| NH ₂ | | 3350.0(S) | 1525.6 |
| | | 3450.0(S) | |
| CH ₂ | | 3070.0(W) | |
| (arom.) | | 3030.5(W) | |
| | | 2933.5(S) | |
| —C—H | | 2914.2(S) | |
| (alif.) | | 2000.0-1750.0(W) | 902.0(S) |
| COMB. BAND | | 1458.1(S) | 941.2(S) |
| N-O | | 1377.11(S) | |
| C-N(ter) | | 1178.4 | |
| | | 1274.9(S) | |
| | | 690.0 | |
| C-N | | | |
| C-S | | | |

| | IR (Cm ⁻¹) | (2B) \tilde{U} (Cm ⁻¹) |
|-------------------|---------------------------|---|
| -OH | 3700.0 (S) | 700.1 (IN) |
| H-C= | 3000-3168.8 (S) | 700-835.1 (S) |
| -CH ₂ | 2908.5(S)(s)2854.5(S)(s) | 1240-1230 (S) |
| HC=N | 2621.1(S)(s)- 2694(S)(as) | |
| COMB. BAND | 2000.0-1750.0 | |
| (over tone) | | |
| C=N | 1600.8-1590.0 (S) | |
| C-C | 1530-1400 (S) | |
| C-N | 1300.0-1200.0 (S) | |
| C-O | 1288.4 (S) | 1640.1 (S) |
| N \rightarrow O | 1165.0-1140.0 (S) | |

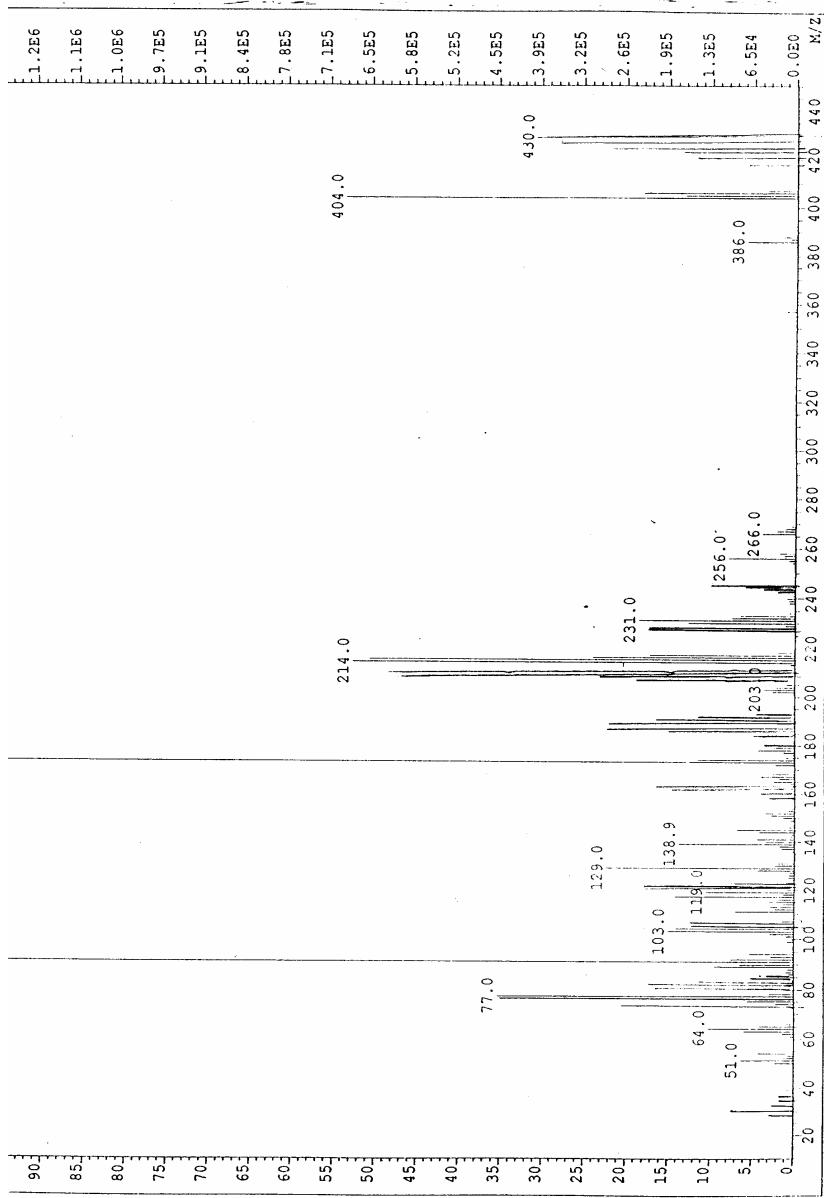
W= Weak , S= Strong , IN= inplain , s= symmetric , as = asymmetric





UV (3) \ddot{U}
 (2001, α -(4-Hydroxypheyl)-N-benzyl nitron :B, Oxa. :A
 .3 \ddot{U}

| | | (m/z) |
|-------|--|----------------------|
| 30 | | M^+ |
| 47 | | $[C_{14}H_{13}NO_2]$ |
| 50/49 | | $[C_{14}H_{12}NO]^+$ |
| 18/17 | | $[C_7H_7NO]^+$ |
| 15 | | $[C_7H_6O]^+$ |
| 100 | | $[C_7H_7]^+$ |
| 35 | | $[CH_4N_2S]^+$ |



ستوك(4)-برض-طين الكربونيك،
Oxalyl(4-pyridyl)methanone

Oxa.

Escherichia coli ATCC 0

Staphylococcus *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* ATCC 27853 , 25922

14, 12, 12 mm , 100 . *aureus* ATCC 25923

. [(3,2,1)]

Broad spectrum Oxazolididine

U . U

· (1982 ,) ००

.(2001 ,)

.(2002, 1 2002, 1 2001,) ÙÑÑ

U U

Ù Ù , Ù

. (Klassen & Doull , 1980) 〇 〇

U Paracelsus (1493 – 1591)

U Oxazolidine

(Duponat De Numerous)

Upjohn

. (Ford *et al.*, 1999) Õõõõõõõõ

[8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14] g/m²

% 100 75 50 25 16 14 12 10 4

Fig. 1. Effect of different concentrations of *S. aureus* on the growth of *C. albicans* at pH 5.5.

Figure 11.7 (a) $\tilde{S}(\tilde{\theta})$ (b) $S(\theta)$ (c) $\tilde{S}(\tilde{\theta})$ (d) $S(\theta)$ (e) $\tilde{S}(\tilde{\theta})$ (f) $S(\theta)$ (g) $\tilde{S}(\tilde{\theta})$ (h) $S(\theta)$ (i) $\tilde{S}(\tilde{\theta})$ (j) $S(\theta)$ (k) $\tilde{S}(\tilde{\theta})$ (l) $S(\theta)$ (m) $\tilde{S}(\tilde{\theta})$ (n) $S(\theta)$ (o) $\tilde{S}(\tilde{\theta})$ (p) $S(\theta)$ (q) $\tilde{S}(\tilde{\theta})$ (r) $S(\theta)$ (s) $\tilde{S}(\tilde{\theta})$ (t) $S(\theta)$ (u) $\tilde{S}(\tilde{\theta})$ (v) $S(\theta)$ (w) $\tilde{S}(\tilde{\theta})$ (x) $S(\theta)$ (y) $\tilde{S}(\tilde{\theta})$ (z) $S(\theta)$

11.7 gm/kg (Himel, 2001) LD50 [5]

Slight toxicity
(K1 - 8 Dec 1989)

. (Klassen & Doull, 1960)

(m^{-1}) \approx 15-5 g/m²

(2001,)

$$(\langle \bar{q}q \rangle - \langle \bar{q}q \rangle_{\text{SM}}) = 0.7 \quad (\text{1000})$$

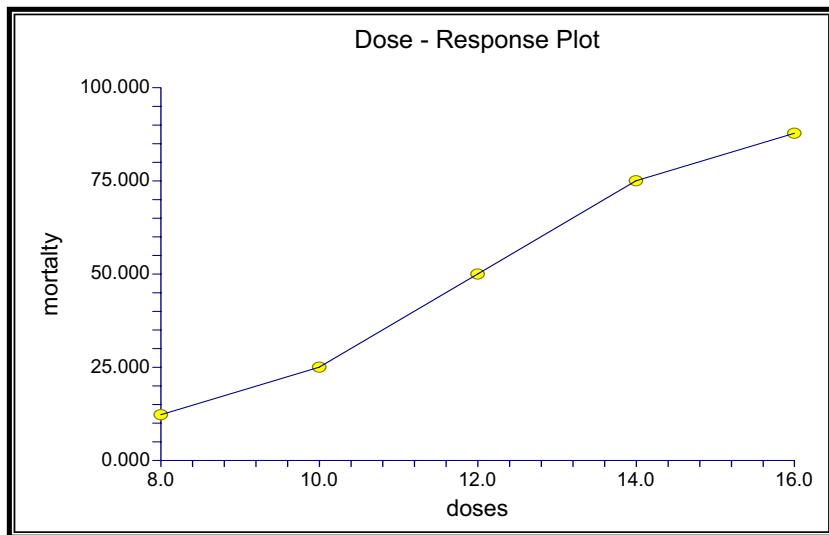
... ŸŸŸŸŸ

(4) Ü

| | \ | |
|----|----|-----|
| C | 0 | 0 |
| T1 | 8 | 0 |
| T2 | 10 | 25 |
| T3 | 12 | 50 |
| T4 | 14 | 75 |
| T5 | 16 | 100 |

C = Control , T =

(Treatment) , N= 4



Oxa.

(5) Ü



Oxa. .1

E. coli ATCC 25922



Oxa. .2

Pseudo. aeruginosa ATCC 27853



Oxa. .3

Staph. aureus ATCC 25923

Noto

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