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(Furosemide)

(0.196-)

( / )

(3) pH

(0.236-)

(0.196-) (3)

( $10^{-5} \times 9.90$ ) ( $10^{-5} \times 6.83$ )

( $10^{-5} \times 12.34$ ) ( $10^{-5} \times 10.51$ )

(0.9884)

.(0.9919)

(0.187-)

( $10^{-5} \times 15.3$ ) ( $10^{-5} \times 7.44$ )

.(0.9971)

(0.084-)

.(0.9960)

( $10^{-5} \times 12.31$ ) ( $10^{-5} \times 7.42$ )

## Differential Pulse Polarographic Determination of Furosemide (lasimex) in Human Serum and Urine

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### ABSTRACT

The present work involves a study of the polarographic behavior of pure Furosemide(lasimex) by direct method in aqueous solution , which gives a two well defined reduction peaks, the main peak at a potential (-0.196) volts and the other small peak at (-0.236) volts in phosphate buffer (pH=3).The calibration of Furosemide was constructed in phosphate buffer (pH=3) the calibration curves in the potential (-0.196) volts were observed in the range of concentration ( $6.83 \times 10^{-5}$  -  $9.90 \times 10^{-5}$ ) M with a correlation coefficient (0.9884), and second in the range of concentration ( $10.51 \times 10^{-5}$ - $12.34 \times 10^{-5}$ ) M with a correlation coefficient (0.9919).

The calibration curve of Furosemide in the presence of human blood serum was studied in the potential (-0.187) volts and range concentration of current ( $7.44 \times 10^{-5}$ - $15.38 \times 10^{-5}$ ) M with a correlation coefficient (0.9971).

The calibration curve of Furosemide in presence of urine in the potential (-0.084) volt and range of concentration ( $7.42 \times 10^{-5}$ - $12.31 \times 10^{-5}$ ) M with a correlation coefficient (0.9960).

The method was successfully applied to the determination of Furosemide in tablets in aqueous solution and in the presence of valium voltammetrically with out interferences.

**Keyword** : polarography , Furosemide, lasimex

4-Chloro-N-Furforyl 5-Sulphamoyl anthranilic acide

Frusemide, Furosemide, Furosemido, Furosemidom (Sweetman, 2005 )

(Convigton *et al.*, 2002)

(60-30)

(Sweetman, 2005) (5)

( $10^{-5} \times 1.1$ )

(Flow injection )

(Furosemide)

, (Semaan *et al.*, 2005)0.9950

(550)

.....

(piretanide and Furosemide)  
 (piretanide) (6.9×10<sup>-5</sup>) (Differential pulse and square wave voltammetry)  
 (1.5×10<sup>-7</sup>) (1.3×10<sup>-7</sup>) (Furosemide) (5.5 ×10<sup>-5</sup>)  
 (Triamterene and Furosemide) ,(Barroso *et al.*, 1995)  
 / (0.1& 0.15) (HPLC)  
 (Dexamethasone , Cefazolin , Dipyrrone , Furosemide , (Barros *et al.*,1996)  
 (Differential pulse voltammetry) Paracetamol)  
 ( 3,06-0,51 33,58-4,20 65,00-6,00 54,2 -6,05 66,1- 6,61)  
 ( Furosemide ) , (Irena *et al.*, 2008)  
 (Cyclic linear sweep and Differential pulse voltammetry)  
 (Furosemide) , (Shetti *et al.*, 2009) (4.12×10<sup>-8</sup>)  
 ( Flow injection) Fe (III)  
 (0.997) (3×10<sup>-5</sup> ) (513)  
 ( Furosemide) (Semaan *et al.*; 2006)  
 .(Veena and Narayana, 2009) (680)

(10<sup>-2</sup>) (Furosemide)  
 (10<sup>-3</sup>) (5) (0.0165) (authentic Furosemide)  
 (10) (0.0028) (authentic Diazepam)  
 (40) (Furosemide) (10) (Tablets of Furosemide) (10<sup>-2</sup>)  
 (1.601)  
 (0.6604) (0.1601)  
 (5)  
 (0.2) ( BDH )  
 .(Perrin *et al.*, 1947) K<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub> KH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>

(Polarecord Metrohm Herisau)

(E-505)

(E-506)

(DME)

(Working electrode)

[ ( Ag / AgCl .sat. KCl )

] (Reference electrode)

,(Pt wire)

(Auxiliary electrode)

(15) N<sub>2</sub>

°(25)

pH=211 (pH Meter)

(A&D) (HR-200)

HAVANNA instruments

Furosemide

( $10^{-5} \times 12.3$ )

( ) (3) pH

(16)

( 140

1 )

/ )

(0.236-)

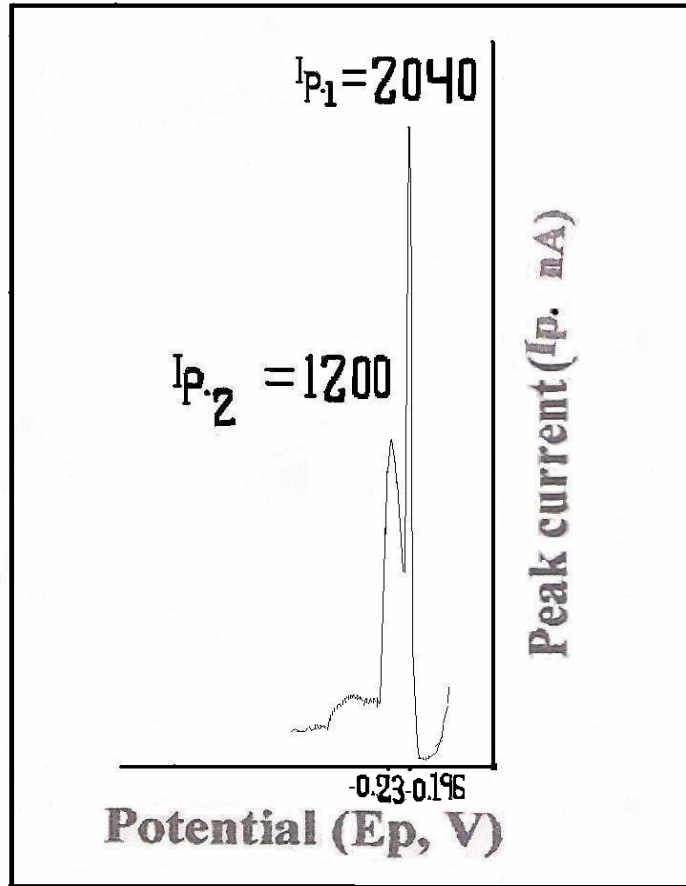
( 0.196-)

(0.196-)

(1)

(Ag/ AgCl , KCl

.(Meites, 1965) S=O



:1

**Optimum Conditions**

**Effect of pH**

	Ip	Ep	
(16)		$(10^{-5} \times 12.35)$	
(		) (7-2)	
(1)	(	140	)

$(10^{-5} \times 12.35)$ 

:1

pH	Ep.1 (V)	Ip.1 (nA)	Ep.2 (V)	Ip.2 (nA)
2	-0.1	1300	-0.04	830
3	-0.119	1350	-0.234	1200
4	-0.242	1230	-0.280	1060
5	-0.314	880	-0.33	610
6	-0.110	750	-0.29	510
7	-0.12	490	-----	-----

(7)

(6-2)

(3)

(1)

Ep

(3)

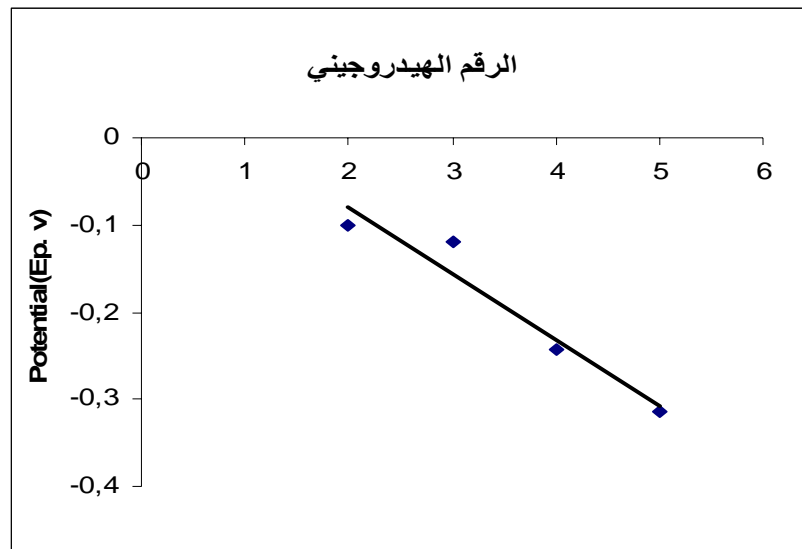
(5-2)

 $(-0.076 \text{VpH}^{-1})$ 

(2)

(5-2)

.(Shareef, 2001)

 $(0.059 \text{V pH}^{-1})$ 

:2

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**Effect of Drop time**

(16)  $(10^{-5} \times 12.35)$   
 ( ) (3)  
 (-2 (0)  
 .(2) (140)

:2

<b>Drop Time (sec)</b>	<b>Ep1.(V)</b>	<b>Ip1.(nA)</b>	<b>Ep2.(V)</b>	<b>Ip2.(V)</b>
0.6	-0.068	140	-----	-----
0.8	-0.088	840	-----	-----
1.0	-0.119	1350	-0.234	1200
1.2	-0.120	1900	-0.236	680
1.4	-0.125	2450	-0.236	650
2.0	-0.192	3330	-0.238	186

(2)

**Effect of pulse amplitude**

(16)  $(10^{-5} \times 12.35)$   
 (2) (3)  
 (140-60)  
 .(3)

: 3

<b>Pulse amplitude (mV)</b>	<b>Ep.1(V)</b>	<b>Ip.1(nA)</b>	<b>Ep.2(V)</b>	<b>Ip.2(nA)</b>
60	-0.256	220	-----	-----
80	-0.168	1650	-----	-----
100	-0.176	2130	-----	-----
120	-0.176	3195	-----	-----
140	-0.196	3330	-0.2	186

(140)

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Initial potential	Zero
Final potential	-2 V
Drop time	2 sec
Pulse amplitude	140 mV

( Furosemide )

 $(10^{-5} \times 12.35)$ 

(3)

(16)

(4)

(5)

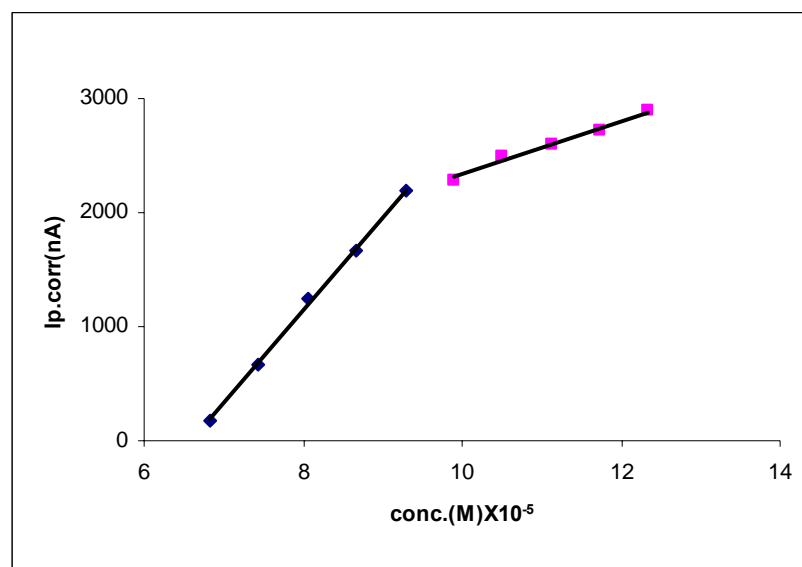
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Time (min)	Ip.1(nA) Ep. (-0.196)V	Ip.2(nA) Ep. (-0.23)V
0	3300	200
5	3300	200
10	3350	200
15	3300	200
20	3250	200
25	3250	200
30	3300	200
35	3300	200
40	3275	200
45	3300	200
50	3275	200
55	3300	200
60	3300	200







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(16)

 $(10^{-2})$ 

(10)

(3)

(7)

(0.187-)

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(

.(7)

(4)

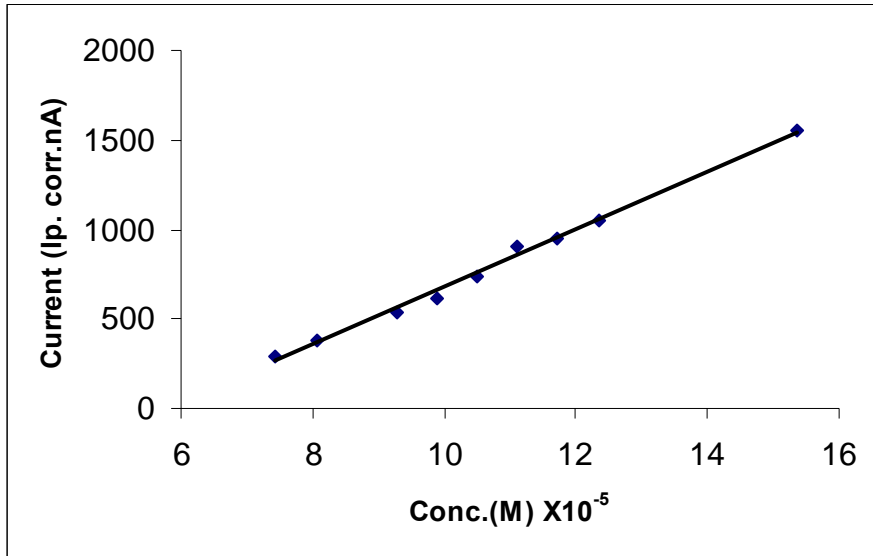
: 7

Conc. (M) × 10 <sup>5</sup>	Ip corr. (nA) Ep.(-0.187)V
7.439	292.6
8.055	382.6
9.282	532.6
9.895	612.6
10.507	732.6
11.118	902.6
11.728	952.6
12.338	1052.6
15.375	1552.6
R	0.9971
R <sup>2</sup>	0.9941

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(4)

.(0.9971)



: 4

(16)

(10<sup>-2</sup>)

(50)

(3)

(8)

(0.084-)

)

.(8)

(4)

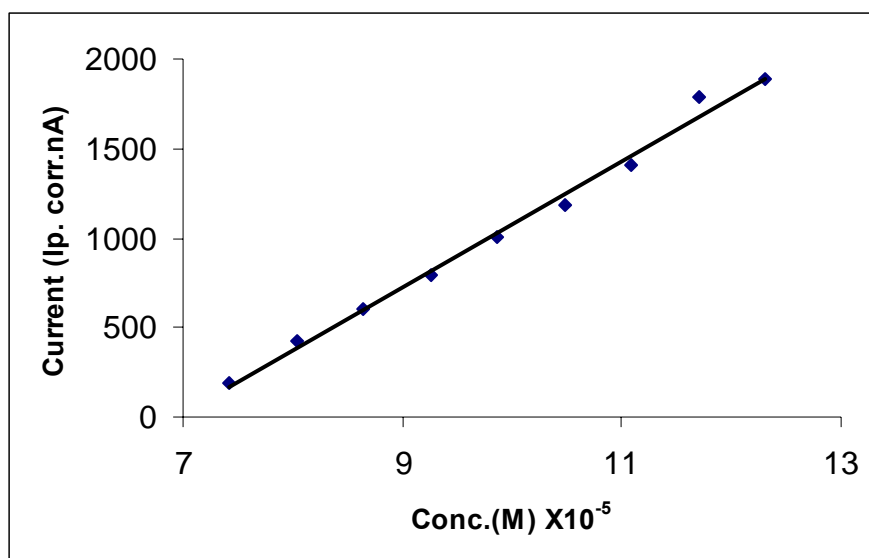
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:8

<b>Conc. (M) <math>\times 10^5</math></b>	<b>Ip corr. (nA) Ep.(-0.084)V</b>
7.421	188.6
8.035	428.6
8.647	598.6
9.259	798.6
9.871	1003.6
10.481	1188.6
11.091	1408.6
11.700	1788.6
12.308	1888.6
R =	0.9960
R <sup>2</sup> =	0.9920

(5)

.(0.9969)



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**Standard Deviation of Furosemide**

(16)  $(10^{-5} \times 12.35)$   
 (3)

.(9)

S.D.

R.S.D S.D

:9

No.	Ip. (nA) Ep.(-0.196)V
1	3300
2	3300
3	3250
4	3225
5	3300
6	3275
7	3300
8	3350
9	3250
10	3300
S.D.	±35.741
R.S.D.	±1.088%

**Analysis of Mixtures of Drugs**

(16)  $(10^{-5} \times 9.29)$   
 (3)

(-0.196)

(7)

AL-:2002)

(-0.54)

(Ghadhanfary

.(10)

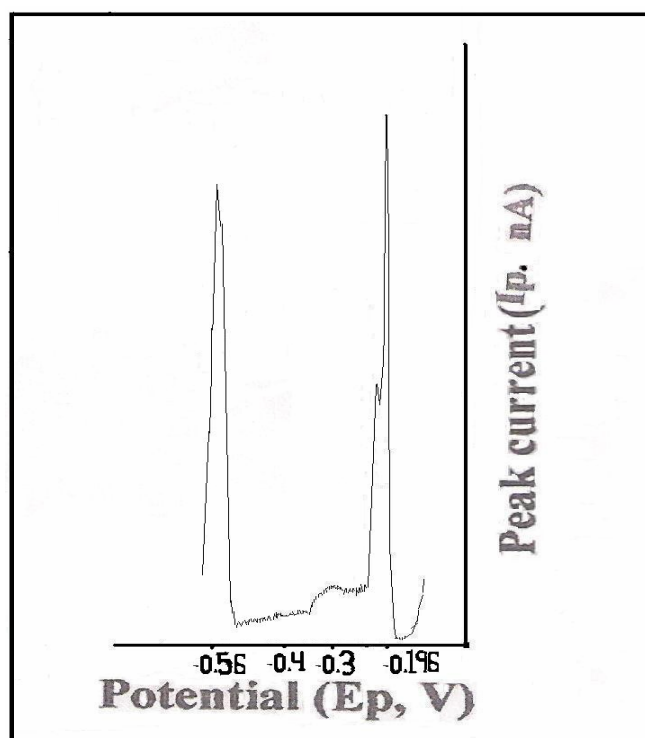
$$[(10^{-6} \times 9.202) - (10^{-6} \times 0.618)]$$

:10

$$(10^{-5} \times 9.288)$$

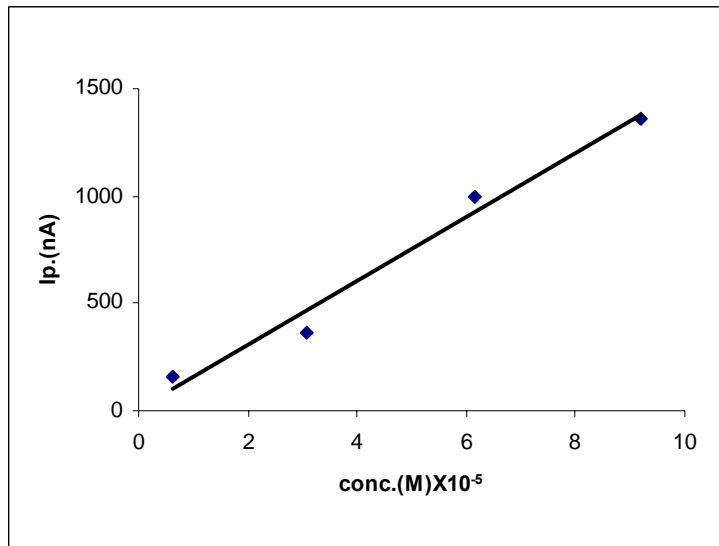
Conc. Furosemide (M) $\times 10^{-5}$	Conc. Valium (M) $\times 10^{-6}$	Ip. Furosemide (nA) Ep. (-0.196)V	Ip. Valium (nA) Ep. (-0.54)V
9.2879	0	1875	-----
9.2822	0.6188	1815	016
9.2593	3.0864	1815	360
9.2308	6.1508	1815	0001
9.2025	9.2025	1830	1360
<b>R=</b>			<b>0.9886</b>

(8)


 $(10^{-5} \times 9.29)$ 

:7

 $(10^{-6} \times 9.20)$



$$[(10^{-6} \times 9.202) - (10^{-6} \times 0.618)] : 8$$

$$(10^{-5} \times 9.28)$$

.(11)

$$[(10^{-5} \times 11.13) - (10^{-5} \times 7.44)] : 11$$

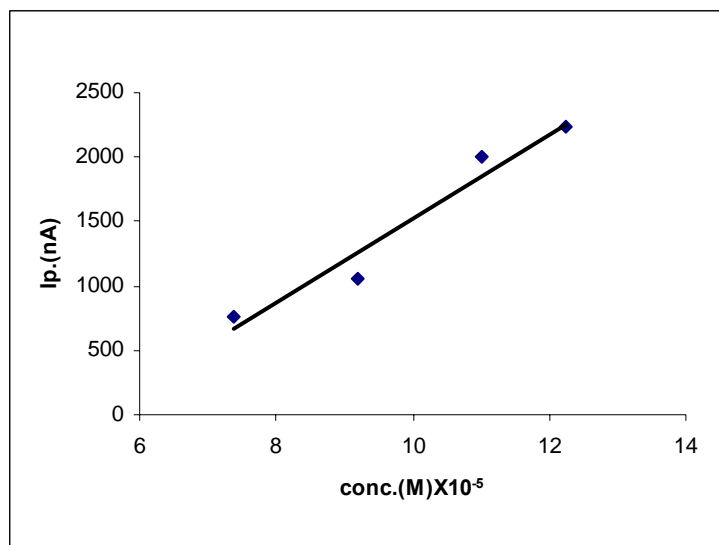
$$(10^{-6} \times 9.29)$$

Conc. Furosemide (M) x 10 <sup>-5</sup>	Conc. Valium (M) x 10 <sup>-6</sup>	Ip. Furosemide (nA) Ep. (-0.196)V	Ip. Valium (nA) Ep. (-0.54)V
0	9.2879	-----	1230
7.4442	9.1352	760	1230
8799.2	9.1185	1050	1230
1250.11	9.1075	2000	1230
12.232	9.0909	2232	1230
<b>R=</b>			<b>0.9753</b>

(11)

0.9753

.(9)



$$[(10^{-5} \times 12.23) - (10^{-5} \times 7.44)] \quad : 9$$

$$(10^{-5} \times 9.29)$$

$$(10^{-2})$$

(3)

(16)

(Taken conc.)

.(12)

:12

<b>Taken conc.</b> <b>(M × 10<sup>5</sup>)</b>	<b>Found conc.</b> <b>(M × 10<sup>5</sup>)</b>	<b>Ip corr. ( nA)</b>	<b>Recovery</b>	<b>% Error</b>
9.901	8.251	1194	83.33	16.7
11.736	10.030	1434	85.47	14.5
12.346	10.272	1509	83.20	16.8
15.385	14.569	1864	94.69	5.3

(Taken)

(found)

(21)



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