

*

FLPDEM

Mamdani

matlab

FLPDEM

The Application of Fuzzy Logic to the Modeling of product Density for Children Ready-Made Clothes

ABSTRACT

The main objective of this research is to design a program model for a new product density estimation by implementing fuzzy logic techniques. This model is designed depending upon some of the factors influencing product density. The model consists of conditional rules. Mamdani fuzzy inference system is used for reasoning process because it is an efficient type of fuzzy inference for knowledge to make decision processing. The model is designed using MATLAB as the programming tool for writing the model's programs. The model is applied to real data average taken from Mosul factory for children Ready-Made clothes. The results obtained proved that FLPDEM is an attractive model for new product density.

تاريخ التسلم: 2009/5/26 تاريخ القبول: 2009/ 6/ 28

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1. مقدمة عن المنطق

)
"1" (Plato) "0"

.(Gerhke & Elbert(2007))(,)

1965

("Fuzzy Sets")

.(Klir et al.(1997))

. (Stoilos et al.(2006))

_____ .2

.(0,1)

Boolean Logic

.(0,1)

(Johanyak &

.Kovacs(2006)),(Tron & Margaliot(2004))

...

.(Klir et al.(1997))

()

.ANFIS

(Babuska

.(2006)),(Tron & Margaliot(2004))

membership function .3

| | | | | |
|---|---|----------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| X | x | X | A | |
| | x | | $\mu_A(x)$ | A |
| | | | | A |
| | | | | (Klir et al.(1997) |
| | | | | : |
| | | | $\mu_A(x) \in [0,1]$ | $\forall x \in X$ |
| | | | | : |
| | | (sigmf) | Sigmoidal | .1 |
| | | .(1(a)) | | |
| | | | | . |
| | | (Triangular membership function) | | .2 |
| | | .(1(b)) (Gerhke& Elbert (2007)) | (Trimp) | |
| | | (Trapezoidal membership | | .3 |
| | | | (Tramp) function) | |
| | | . (1(c)) | | |
| | | | Gaussian | .4 |
| | | | (Gaussmf) | |
| | | (Gauss2mf) | (1(d)) | |
| | | . (1(e)) | (Gaussmf) | |
| | | (Bell membership function) | | .5 |
| | | | (gbellmf) | |
| | | .(1(f)) | (Gaussmf) | |

...

(zmf)

.6

(pimf) .(1(g))

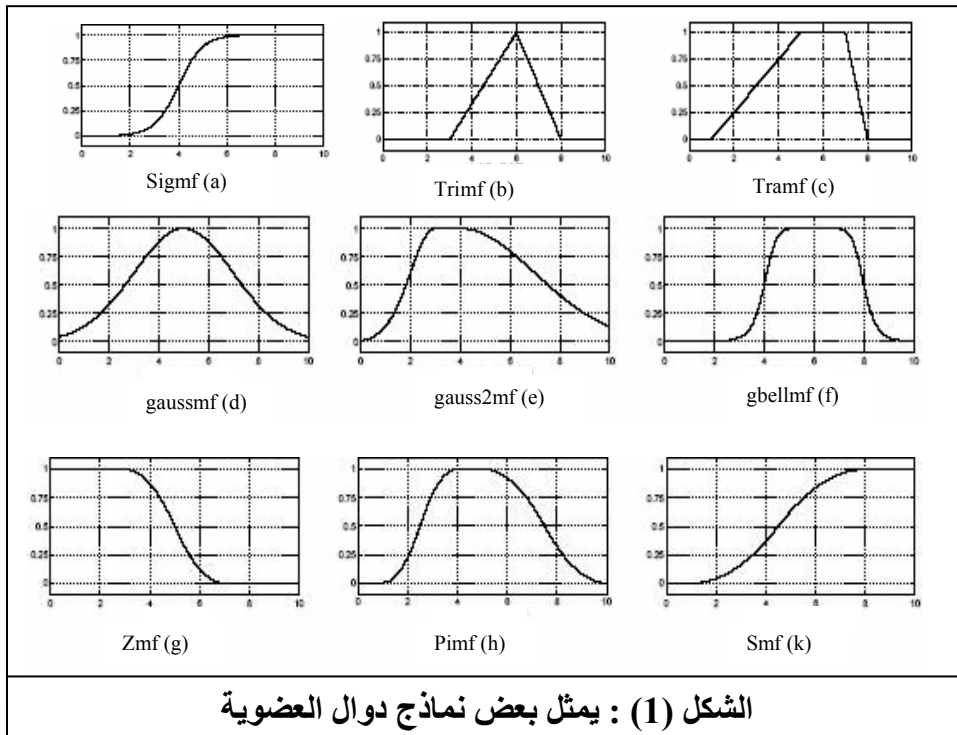
(smf) .(1(h))

(The Math Works(2005), Klement et al.(2004)) ,(1(k))

: Linguistic Variable .4

() .
()

. (Johanyak & Kovacs(2006))



.5 Fuzzy Inference System

(FIS) .If-Then

(FIS)

(Stoilos

et al.(2006)) :

If w is Z Then x is Y

Y , Z , x ,w

Then (antecedent) If

(consequent)

,Z w Y x

If-Then

x is Y :

Y x

...

(Implication method)

(min-max Implication method)

(Additive Implication method)

(1)

,[0,1]

(defuzzification)

(defuzzification method)

()

(centroid)

(maximum

height)

(Mamdani matlab

type & Sugeno-Takage type)

ST

(The Math & (Babuska(2006))

.Works(2005))

: (Fuzzy inputs) .1

: (Applying fuzzy operators) .2

: (Applying implication method) .3

.If (0,1)

,If ,If

.(Chortaras et al.(2006))

: (Aggregating all outputs) .4

...

(Saifizul et al.(2008))

: (Defuzzification) .5

)

(
(centroid)

Using of fuzzy logic in .1

Decision making

Uncertainty

(Kurnaz et

.al.(2009))

.(Pedrycz (2007))

(Hutchinson &

.Matin(1999) & Saifizul et al.(2008))

.2

Fuzzy Logic in Product Density Estimation Model (FLPDEM)

(2006,2007,2008)

.(B)

18-4

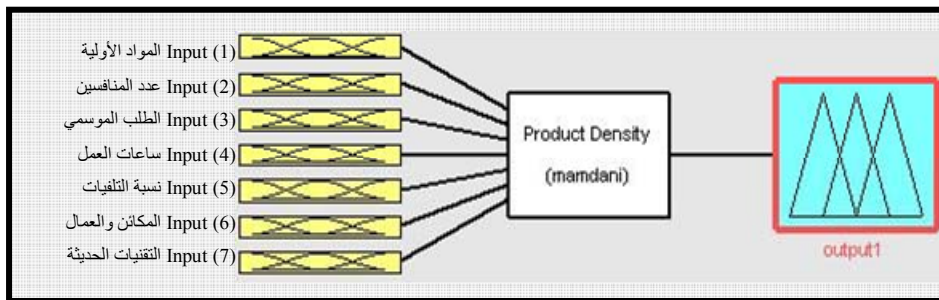
1988

" "

(3250)

FLPDEM

FIS (2) FLPDEM



الشكل (2) : مخطط نظام الاستدلال المضطرب الخاص بنموذج FLPDEM

3. _____ :

84 FLPDEM

and

(A), (Input(i) , i=1,2...7)

rule (1) , (2)
.() output

_____.4

Mamdani if-then output
Sogeno-Tagagi
(Saifizul et 1974 Mamdani
.al.(2008))
output

Mamdani FIS

FLPDEM

FLPDEM .5

():_____

FIS

:

...

[0,100]

_____ .1

:(3)

Continuous: S.shaped membership .

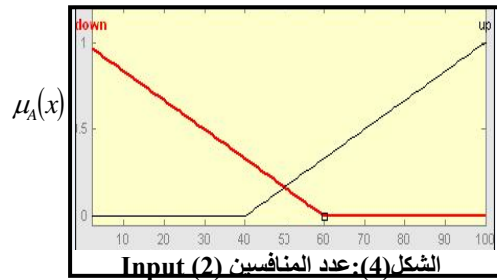
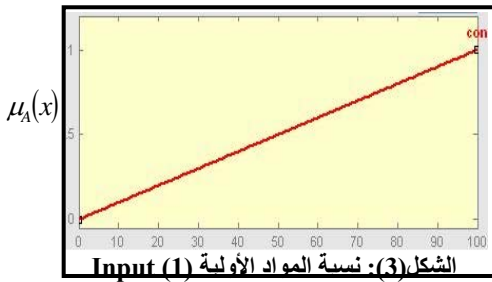
[0,100]

_____ .2

(4)

Down : Linear membership function

Up : Linear membership function



[100,9900]

_____ .3

Down : Linear membership function :

Up : Linear membership function

medium

:(5)

Down : Linear membership function

Medium : Triangular membership function

Up : Linear membership function

12

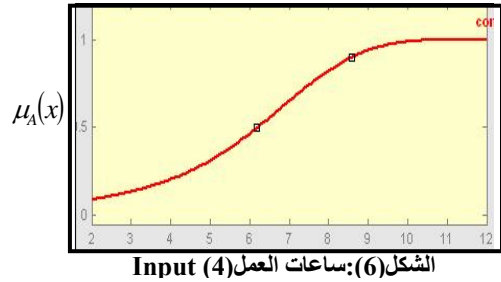
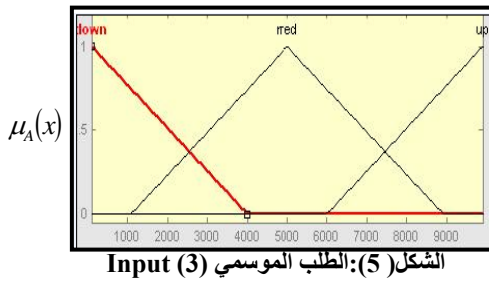
_____ .4

:(6)

Continuous:S.shaped membership function.

[0,45] _____ .5
(7)

Excessive : Linear membership function



[1000,4000] _____ .6

Low : Linear membership function :
High: Linear membership function

medium ()

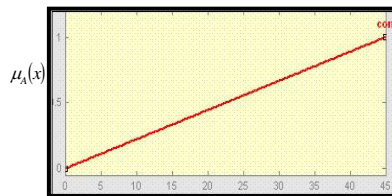
:(8)

Down : Linear membership function
Medium : Triangular membership function
Up : Linear membership function

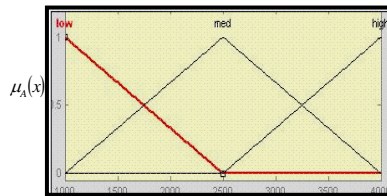
[10,1000] _____ .6

: (9)

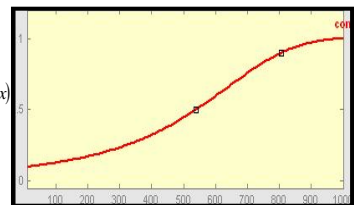
Continuous : S-shaped membership function



Input (5) : نسبة التلغيات (7)



Input (6) : عدد المكنان والعمال (8)



Input (7) : التقنيات الحديثة (9)

...

():_____

antecedent

(or) (and)

If-Then

(and)

.(Saifizul et al.(2008))

. FLPDEM 84 rule 8 rule

(Implication) :_____

(1)

.(A)

min-max Implication method

.(Pedrycz (2007)) & (The Math Works(2005))

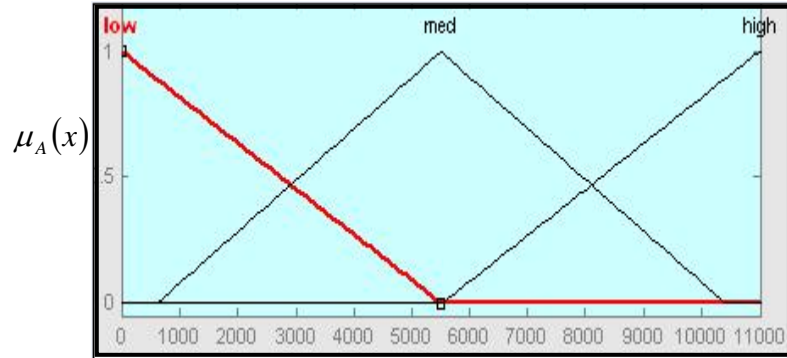
(Defuzzification) :_____

()

: (10)

Low : Linear membership function
 Medium : Triangular membership function

High : Linear membership function



الشكل (10): دالة العضوية لكثافة المنتج Output(1)

)

(

centroid

consequent

_____ .6 :

MATLAB

FLPDEM

.(matrix-laboratory)

C++

matlab

Fortran

ToolBoxes

ToolBoxe

FLPDEM

.7 _____ :

FLPDEM ()

(2006,2007,2008)

,(B)

: (1)

الجدول رقم (1) : يمثل كلا من الكثافة الحقيقية والتقديرية للمنتج ومقدار الخطأ

| | () | () | | |
|---|------|------|---|----|
| 2 | 9120 | 9118 | - | 1 |
| 3 | 4890 | 4893 | - | 2 |
| 5 | 6920 | 6925 | | 3 |
| 0 | 7340 | 7340 | | 4 |
| 3 | 3790 | 3793 | - | 5 |
| 0 | 5590 | 5590 | - | 6 |
| 4 | 8740 | 8736 | - | 7 |
| 2 | 8900 | 8898 | - | 8 |
| 1 | 2990 | 2991 | | 9 |
| 3 | 6270 | 6273 | | 10 |
| 3 | 6700 | 6703 | | 11 |

() ()
FLPDEM

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(A)

- 1. If (Input1 is continuous) then (output is high) (1)
- 2. If (Input2 is down) then (output is high) (1)
- 3. If (Input2 is up) then (output is low) (1)
- 4. If (Input3 is down) then (output is low) (1)
- 5. If (Input3 is med) then (output is med) (1)
- 6. If (Input3 is up) then (output is high) (1)
- 7. If (Input 4 is con) then (output is high) (1)
- 8. If (Input 5 is con) then (output is low) (1)
- 9. If (Input 6 is low) then (output is low) (1)
- 10. If (Input 6 is med) then (output is med) (1)
- 11. If (Input 6 is high) then (output is high) (1)
- 12. If (Input 7 is con) then (output1 is high) (1)
- 13. If (Input1 is con) and (Input2 is down) and (Input 3 is med) then (output is high) (1)
- 14. If (Input1 is con) and (Input2 is down) and (Input3 is up) then (output is high) (1)
- 15. If (Input1 is con) and (Input2 is up) and (Input3 is down) then (output is low) (1)
- 16. If (Input1 is con) and (Input2 is up) and (Input3 is med) then (output is low) (1)
- 17. If (Input2 is down) and (Input3 is med) and (Input4 is con) then (output is high) (1)
- 18. If (Input2 is down) and (Input3 is up) and (Input4 is con) then (output is high) (1)
- 19. If (Input2 is up) and (Input3 is down) and (Input4 is con) then (output is low) (1)
- 20. If (Input3 is down) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) then (output is low) (1)
- 21. If (Input3 is med) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) then (output is low) (1)
- 22. If (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) and (Input6 is low) then (output is low) (1)
- 23. If (Input5 is con) and (Input6 is high) and (Input7 is con) then (output is high) (1)
- 24. If (Input1 is con) and (Input2 is down) and (Input3 is med) and (Input4 is con) then (output is high) (1)
- 27. If (Input2 is down) and (Input3 is up) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) then (output is high) (1)
- 25. If (Input1 is con) and (Input2 is down) and (Input3 is up) and (Input4 is con) then (output is high) (1)
- 26. If (Input1 is con) and (Input2 is up) and (Input3 is down) and (Input4 is con) then (output is low) (1)
- 28. If (Input2 is up) and (Input3 is down) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) then (output is low) (1)
- 29. If (Input2 is up) and (Input3 is med) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) then (output is low) (1)
- 30. If (Input3 is down) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) and (Input6 is low) then (output is low) (1)
- 31. If (Input3 is down) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) and (Input6 is med) then (output is low) (1)
- 32. If (Input3 is med) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) and (Input6 is low) then (output is low) (1)
- 33. If (Input3 is med) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) and (Input6 is high) then (output is high) (1)
- 34. If (Input3 is up) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) and (Input6 is low) then (output is low) (1)

- 35. If (Input3 is up) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) and (Input6 is high) then (output is high) (1)
- 36. If (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) and (Input6 is med) and (Input7 is con) then (output is high) (1)
- 37. If (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) and (Input6 is high) and (Input7 is con) then (output is high) (1)
- 38. If (Input1 is con) and (Input2 is down) and (Input3 is up) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) then (output is high) (1)
- 39. If (Input1 is con) and (Input2 is up) and (Input3 is down) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) then (output is low) (1)
- 40. If (Input1 is con) and (Input2 is up) and (Input3 is med) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) then (output is low) (1)
- 41. If (Input2 is down) and (Input3 is down) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) and (Input6 is low) then (output is low) (1)
- 42. If (Input2 is down) and (Input3 is down) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) and (Input6 is med) then (output is low) (1)
- 43. If (Input2 is down) and (Input3 is med) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) and (Input6 is low) then (output is low) (1)
- 44. If (Input2 is down) and (Input3 is med) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) and (Input6 is med) then (output is low) (1)
- 45. If (Input2 is down) and (Input3 is up) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) and (Input6 is low) then (output is low) (1)

- 46. If (Input2 is down) and (Input3 is up) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) and (Input6 is high) then (output is high) (1)
- 47. If (Input2 is up) and (Input3 is down) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) and (Input6 is low) then (output is low) (1)
- 48. If (Input2 is up) and (Input3 is down) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) and (Input6 is med) then (output is low) (1)
- 49. If (Input2 is up) and (Input3 is down) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) and (Input6 is high) then (output is low) (1)
- 50. If (Input2 is up) and (Input3 is med) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) and (Input6 is low) then (output is low) (1)
- 51. If (Input2 is up) and (Input3 is med) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) and (Input6 is med) then (output is low) (1)
- 52. If (Input3 is down) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) and (Input6 is low) and (Input7 is con) then (output is low) (1)
- 53. If (Input3 is down) and (Input4 is con) and (bad(5) is con) and (Input6 is med) and (Input7 is con) then (output is low) (1)
- 54. If (Input3 is med) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) and (Input6 is low) and (Input7 is con) then (output is low) (1)
- 55. If (Input3 is med) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) and (Input6 is high) and (Input7 is con) then (output is high) (1)
- 56. If (Input3 is up) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) and (Input6 is med) and (Input7 is con) then (output is high) (1)
- 57. If (Input3 is up) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) and (Input6 is high) and (Input7 is con) then (output is high) (1)
- 58. If (Input1 is con) and (Input2 is down) and (Input3 is down) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) and (Input6 is low) then (output is low) (1)
- 59. If (Input1 is con) and (Input2 is down) and (Input3 is med) and (Input4 is con) and (Input5 is con) and (Input6 is low) then (output is low) (1)

(B)

الجدول (A) : يمثل عدد القطع المنتجة لكل منتج للسنوات الثلاث (2006,2007,2008) ومعدل القطع لهذه السنوات.

| | <i>2008</i> | <i>2007</i> | <i>2006</i> | | |
|------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---|-----------|
| 9118 | 9019 | 8991 | 9344 | - | 1 |
| 4894 | 4821 | 4911 | 4950 | - | 2 |
| 6925 | 7032 | 6908 | 6835 | | 3 |
| 7340 | 7572 | 7185 | 7264 | | 4 |
| 5590 | 5880 | 5465 | 5425 | - | 5 |
| 3793 | 3821 | 3804 | 3756 | - | 6 |
| 8736 | 8839 | 9137 | 8233 | - | 7 |
| 8898 | 8933 | 8930 | 8831 | - | 8 |
| 2991 | 2955 | 2896 | 3124 | | 9 |
| 6273 | 6420 | 6215 | 6184 | | 10 |
| 6703 | 6900 | 6685 | 6525 | | 11 |