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(MSD)

(MAD)

## Pattern Matching Fuzzy Models for Time series Forecasting with Application

### ABSTRACT

We study a new technique of forecasting time series , this is technique is pattern matching Fuzzy, which identify past relationships and its trends in historical data for forecasting future values .We connect Fuzzy Pattern Matching model with time series and we also make algorithm of Fuzzy Pattern Matching and application it on the real data (consuming electric energy in Ninevah Governerate) , and we used Mean Squared Deviation (MSD) and Mean Absolute Deviation (MAD) to get the optimal values

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Past :

Present

Future

Smoothing :

Forecasting

Filtering

( 2006, ) .

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( )

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(McAtackney & Singh, 1998)

**Fuzzy Pattern Matching Model**

**-1**

$Y_n$

$$(n) \quad Y = (Y_1, Y_2, \dots, Y_n)$$

$$Y_{n-1} = Y_{t-1} \quad Y_n = Y_t \quad \therefore$$

,  $1 < i < n-1$

$$S = (S_1, S_2, \dots, S_{n-1})$$

S

$$S_i = Y_{i+1} - Y_i$$

$$\therefore Y_i$$

Y

(Singh & Stuart, 1998)

$$Y_i = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } Y_{i+1} < Y_i \\ 1 & \text{if } Y_{i+1} > Y_i \end{cases} \dots \dots \dots (1)$$

$$B = (b_i, \dots, b_{n-1})$$

...

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(  $2 \leq K \leq 5$

$(2^k + 1)$

K

∴

.(McAtackney & Singh, 1998)

(2)

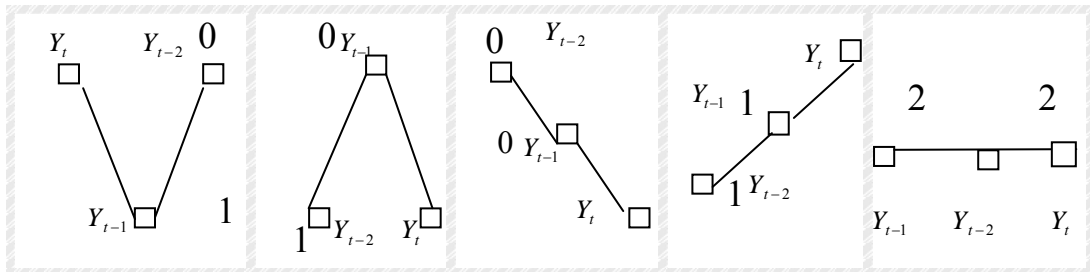
$(Y_t, Y_{t-1}, Y_{t-2})$

∴ \_\_\_\_\_

(A)

$2^2 + 1 = 5$

(2)



الشكل (A) يمثل عدد الأشكال التي يمكن الحصول عليها من النمط ذي الحجم (2)

### Fuzzy Pattern Matching

-2

(n)

$(b_1, b_2, \dots, b_{n-1})$  (P)

$(Y_{n+1})$

$Y_n$

(K)

$(Y_{n+1})$

$P'$

(Singh,2000) -3

$P' = (b_{n-2}, b_{n-1}) \quad K=2$  , -1

$(b_1, b_2, \dots, b_{n-3})$  -2

$P' = (b_{n-2}, b_{n-1})$

$j \quad P' = (b_{j-1}, b_j)$

$(Y_{n+1}) \quad (b_{j+1} = 1)$  -3

$$Y_{n+1} = Y_n + B \cdot S_{j+1} \quad \dots \quad (2)$$

$(Y_{n+1}) \quad (b_{j+1} = 0)$

$$Y_{n+1} = Y_n - BS_{j+1} \quad \dots \quad (3)$$

$$B = \frac{1}{K} \sum_{i=1}^k \frac{S_{n-i}}{S_{j-i}} \quad \dots \quad (4)$$

$\therefore Y_{n+1}$

$\therefore Y_n$

$\therefore n$

$S_{j+1} = Y_{j+2} - Y_{j+1} \quad \therefore \quad j+1 \quad \therefore S_{j+1}$

$j+1 \quad \therefore b_{j+1}$

$\therefore K$

... \_\_\_\_\_ [120]

(2) -4

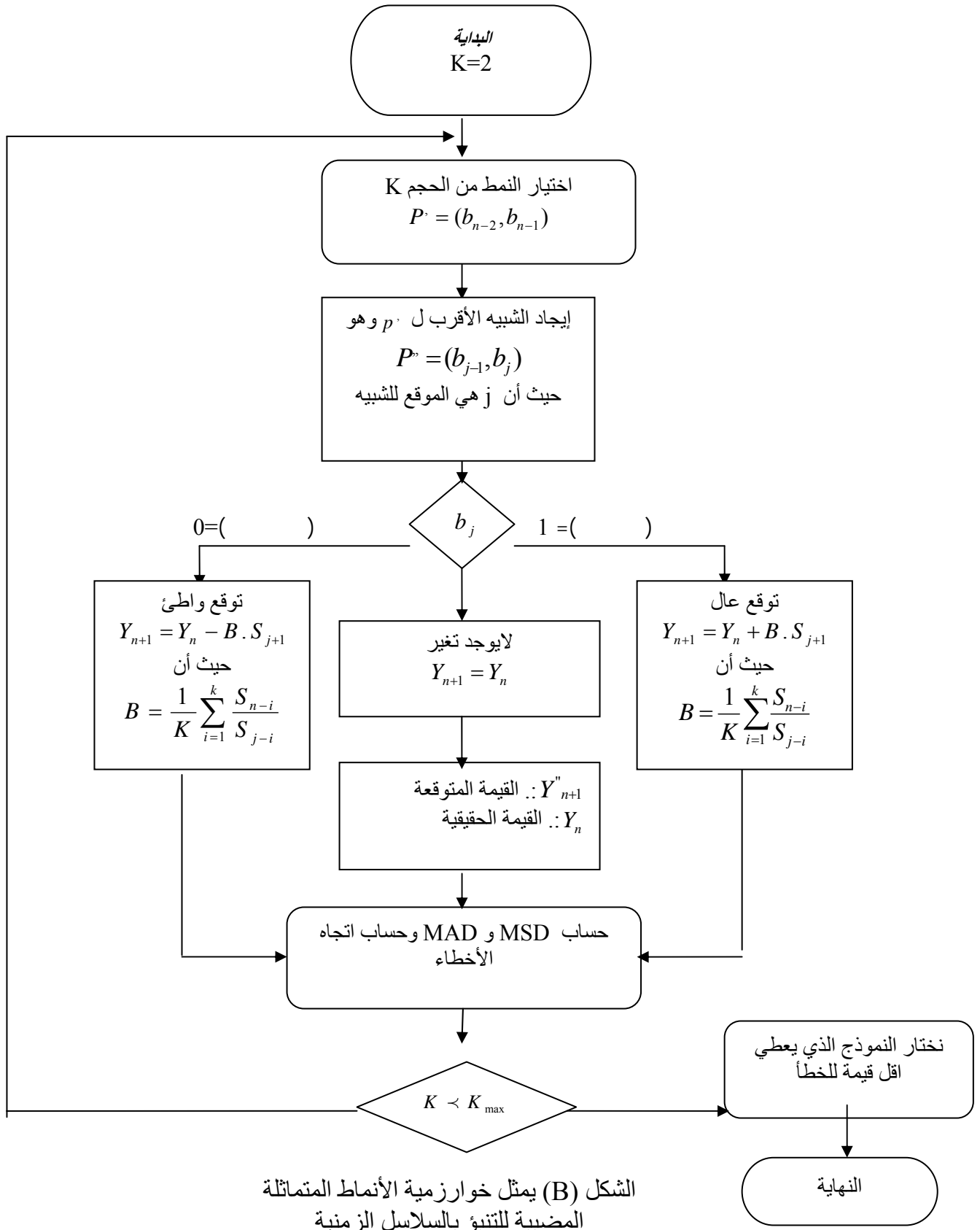
(1-4)

(4) -5

(MAD)

(MSD)

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**Error Measure**

(MSD)

(Singh,1999) (MAD)

$$MSD = \frac{\sum_{n=1}^n (Y_n - Y_n'')^2}{N} \dots\dots (5) \quad \text{(MSD)}$$

(MAD)

$$MAD = \frac{\sum_{n=1}^n |Y_n - Y_n''|}{N} \dots\dots (6)$$

∴

∴  $Y_n''$

∴ N

(2005 , )

(25)



(2)

(2)

∴ (S)

(P)

الجدول (2) يمثل

	(P)	(S)
1	*	*
2	1	497
3	0	-255
4	1	121
5	0	-46
6	0	-653
7	1	748
8	1	420
9	0	-87
10	0	-542
11	1	2175
12	0	-632
13	0	-446
14	0	-717
15	0	-735
16	1	1050
17	1	566
18	0	-1646
19	1	469
20	1	93
21	0	-365
22	0	-64
23	1	104
24	0	-211
25	1	358

...

$$\therefore \quad (6) \quad (2)$$

$$\therefore \text{-----}$$

$$K=2$$

K

$$n=25$$

(n)

$$j=3$$

(j)

$$b_{j+1} = b_4 = 0$$

j+1

∴  $b_{j+1}$ 

$$S_{j+1} = -46$$

j+1

∴  $S_{j+1}$ 

$P'$  يمثل متجها ذا الحجم (2) وهو مكون من آخر قيمتين من سلسلة الأنماط , أما المتجه  $P''$  فيمثل المتجه الشبيه للمتجه الأصلي  $P'$  وهو مأخوذ من البيانات الماضية وهناك أكثر من شبيه واحد للنمط الأصلي  $P'$

$$P' = (b_{n-2}, b_{n-1}) \Rightarrow P' = (0,1)$$

$$P'' = (b_{j-1}, b_j) \Rightarrow P'' = (0,1)$$

$$Y_{n+1} = Y_n - B \times S_{j+1}$$

$$B = \frac{1}{K} \sum_{i=1}^k \frac{S_{n-i}}{S_{j-i}}$$

$$B = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{S_{25-i}}{S_{3-i}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{S_{24}}{S_2} + \frac{S_{23}}{S_1} \right)$$

$$B = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{358}{-255} + \frac{-211}{497} \right)$$

$$B = -0.91$$

$$Y_{26} = 7279 - (-0.91)(-46)$$

$$Y_{26} = 7237.14$$

∴ \_\_\_\_\_

$$K=2, n=25, j=6, b_{j+1}=b_7=1, S_{j+1}=420$$

$$B = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{S_{25-i}}{S_{6-i}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{S_{24}}{S_5} + \frac{S_{23}}{S_4} \right)$$

$$B = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{358}{-653} + \frac{-211}{-46} \right)$$

$$B = 2.02$$

$$Y_{26} = 7279 + (2.02)(420)$$

$$Y_{26} = 8127.4$$

∴ \_\_\_\_\_

$$K=2, n=25, j=10, b_{j+1}=b_{11}=0, S_{j+1}=S_{11}=-632$$

$$B = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{S_{25-i}}{S_{10-i}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{S_{24}}{S_9} + \frac{S_{23}}{S_8} \right)$$

$$B = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{358}{-542} + \frac{-211}{-87} \right)$$

$$B = 0.88$$

$$Y_{26} = 7279 - (0.88)(-632)$$

$$Y_{26} = 7835.16$$

∴ \_\_\_\_\_

$$K=2, n=25, j=15, b_{j+1}=b_{16}=1, S_{j+1}=S_{16}=566$$

$$B = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{S_{25-i}}{S_{15-i}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{S_{24}}{S_{14}} + \frac{S_{23}}{S_{13}} \right)$$

$$B = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{358}{-735} + \frac{-211}{-717} \right)$$

$$B = -0.099$$

$$Y_{26} = 7279 + (-0.099)(566)$$

$$Y_{26} = 7225.23$$

∴ \_\_\_\_\_

$$K=2, n=25, j=18, b_{j+1}=b_{19}=1, S_{j+1}=S_{19}=93$$

$$B = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{S_{25-i}}{S_{18-i}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{S_{24}}{S_{17}} + \frac{S_{23}}{S_{16}} \right)$$

$$B = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{358}{-1646} + \frac{-211}{566} \right)$$

$$B = -0.29$$

$$Y_{26} = 7279 + (-0.29)(93)$$

$$Y_{26} = 7252.03$$

∴ \_\_\_\_\_

$$K=2, n=25, j=22, b_{j+1}=b_{23}=0, S_{j+1}=S_{23}=-211$$

$$B = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{S_{25-i}}{S_{22-i}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{S_{24}}{S_{21}} + \frac{S_{23}}{S_{20}} \right)$$

$$B = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{358}{-64} + \frac{-211}{-365} \right)$$

$$B = -2.51$$

$$Y_{26} = 7279 - (-2.51)(-211)$$

$$Y_{26} = 6749.35$$

∴ 3

∴ \_\_\_\_\_

$$P' = (b_{n-3}, b_{n-2}, b_{n-1}) \Rightarrow P' = (1, 0, 1)$$

$$P'' = (b_{j-2}, b_{j-1}, b_j) \Rightarrow P'' = (1, 0, 1)$$

$$K=3, n=25, j=3, b_{j+1}=b_4=0, S_{j+1}=S_4=-46$$

$$B = \frac{1}{3} \sum_{i=1}^3 \frac{S_{25-i}}{S_{3-i}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{S_{24}}{S_2} + \frac{S_{23}}{S_1} + \frac{S_{22}}{S_0} \right)$$

$$B = \left( \frac{358}{-255} + \frac{-211}{497} + \frac{104}{0} \right)$$

$$B = -0.6$$

$$Y_{26} = 7279 - (-0.6)(-46)$$

$$Y_{26} = 7251.4$$

∴ \_\_\_\_\_

$$K=3, n=25, j=18, b_{j+1}=b_{19}=1, S_{j+1}=S_{19}=93$$

$$B = \frac{1}{3} \sum_{i=1}^3 \frac{S_{25-i}}{S_{18-i}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{S_{24}}{S_{17}} + \frac{S_{23}}{S_{16}} + \frac{S_{22}}{S_{15}} \right)$$

$$B = \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{358}{-1646} + \frac{-211}{566} + \frac{104}{1050} \right)$$

$$B = -0.16$$

$$Y_{26} = 7279 + (-0.16)(93)$$

$$Y_{26} = 7264.12$$

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$$P' = (b_{n-4}, b_{n-3}, b_{n-2}, b_{n-1}) \Rightarrow P' = (0, 1, 0, 1)$$

الجدول (3) يمثل نتائج استخدام طريقة الأنماط المتماثلة المضيقية

(K)	(j)	$Y_{26}$	MSD	MAD
K=2	j=3	7237.14	392311	468
	j=6	8127.4	408216	499
	j=10	7835.16	397249	485
	j=15	7225.23	392451	469
	j=18	7252.03	392148	468
	j=22	6749.35	405695	480
K=3	j=3	7251.4	392154	468
	j=18	7264.12	392027*	468*

(MSD)

(3)

(MAD)

j=18

K=3

 $Y_{26} = 7264.12$ 

.(MSA)

(MSD)

. (1)

-1

-2

-3

-4

-5

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" (2005) , -1

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" (2006) -2

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(30) (1)

1	2003/6/15	7077
2	2003/6/16	7574
3	2003/6/17	7319
4	2003/6/18	7440
5	2003/6/19	7394
6	2003/6/20	6741
7	2003/6/21	7489
8	2003/6/22	7909
9	2003/6/23	7822
10	2003/6/24	7280
11	2003/6/25	9455
12	2003/6/26	8823
13	2003/6/27	8377
14	2003/6/28	7660
15	2003/6/29	6925
16	2003/6/30	7975
17	2003/7/1	8541
18	2003/7/2	6895
19	2003/7/3	7364
20	2003/7/4	7457
21	2003/7/5	7092
22	2003/7/6	7028
23	2003/7/7	7132
24	2003/7/8	6921
25	2003/7/9	7279
26	2003/7/10	7701
27	2003/7/11	6736
28	2003/7/12	6820
29	2003/7/13	6657
30	2003/7/14	6616